

Weather

Fine today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 54.3 and the minimum 31.7, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 63.8 and 37.8.

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GERMANY BEGINS FULFILLMENT OF ARMISTICE TERMS

Evacuation Is On And All French Territory Is Liberated

ALLIES AT METZ

Are Going Forward Now At Rate Of Six Miles A Day

TAKE OVER ALSACE

French Commission Is Appointed To Assume Control Of Provinces

(French Wireless)

Paris, November 16.—The terms of the armistice are being carried out without interruption under normal conditions, the enemy submitting to the clauses with regard to evacuation of occupied territory and the handing over of war material, and the conditions are likely to be carried out more rapidly than was first expected. The Briey district is now quite clear of Germans, and French territory is free of the enemy. French and American troops have reached the zone of the advanced forts of Metz, the taking possession of which by the French will be expedited. On Friday a delegation of German military and civil officials came to Nancy to confer with Monsieur Mirman, French High Commissioner, concerning arrangements for taking over the administration of Alsace-Lorraine. French officers, including two generals, visited the German headquarters at Spa on Thursday and are arranging for the return home of French prisoners of war, numbering 420,000. Thirty days is allowed for their repatriation. Conferences of French and German officers concerning the handing over of artillery and aeroplanes, stipulated by the armistice, are already taking place.

Monsieur Clemenceau has sent a circular to men belonging to the mobilization class of 1887, 1888 and 1889 saying that they are to be definitely released from military service and sent home, formalities to be completed by December 1.

British and French interests have arranged for a daily aerial passenger service between London and Paris. The service is to be conducted with fast machines formerly used for bombing raids.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 15.—Reuter's agency learns that the German cruiser Königsberg, under Admiral von Meurer, with a commission comprising three naval officers and four members of the Sailors' and Soldiers' Council, has arrived at a rendezvous off the Firth of Forth and, at a meeting with Admiral Beatty tonight, will be informed how to surrender the surface ships and submarines required by the terms of the armistice.

The procedure probably will be that the German vessels will be conducted to an arranged rendezvous, and, after inspection, navigating parties will be placed on board to take them to their destination.

Ships To Be Surrendered

The battleships surrendering will probably be: The Kaiser (24,700 tons, ten 12-inch, fourteen 6-inch guns, 21 knots), the Prinz Regent Luitpold (25,000 tons), the Kaiserin (24,700 tons), the König Albert (24,700 tons), the Markgraf (24,700 tons), the Kronprinz Wilhelm (24,700 tons), the Grosser Kurfürst (24,700 tons), the Bayern (about 30,000 tons, eight 15-inch guns), the Friedrich der Grosse (24,700 tons), and the König (24,700 tons). The foregoing are all dreadnoughts.

The battle-cruisers will probably be the Derfflinger (28,000 tons), the Hindenburg (28,000 tons), the Vonderann (19,000 tons), the Seydlitz (25,000 tons), the Moltke (23,000 tons) and one other.

The U-boats which have been interned in Sweden must be handed

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China Triples Quota For War Work Drive With Million Gold

Country Far Exceeds G.\$300,000 Asked By New York; Shanghai Gives \$79,000

China's contribution to the United War Work Campaign will be over G.\$1,000,000 and the drive which officially ended here yesterday and terminates in Southern cities tomorrow has already realized Mex. \$1,099,173. Of the total, Shanghai has given Mex. \$79,173 and when complete returns are obtainable from Mr. A. G. Stephen, the treasurer, this amount will be surpassed.

The closing day of the drive was a record one at committee headquarters, as \$10,032 was taken in by the workers. The contributions varied from \$5 to \$2,000 and every subscription was either sent or brought to the committee rooms.

In the United States, G.\$62,300,000 was raised during the first three days of the campaign, according to a telegram from Director-General Mott. Everywhere Americans have been asked to oversubscribe. In China the original sum asked, G.\$300,000, has been more than tripled because of the interest manifested by the Chinese Government, officials and gentry. Many provincial assemblies, urged by the Central Government to appropriate sums for the campaign, have not reported. Returns are expected today.

Tientsin and Peking led the outpouring in subscriptions and demonstrations. In both cities, 20,000 school children paraded the streets and in Peking Thursday afternoon Mr. Paul S. Reinsch, American Minister, and the Vice-Minister of Education for China addressed a crowd of 50,000 people.

Yesterday was the big day of the local campaign and Misses S. H. Most and Ruth L. Fraser were busy all day making out receipts to be sent to contributors.

Among the contributions was \$60 coppers sent by the Commercial Press. The money was realized from the sale of 40 copies of President Wilson's war-time speeches, sold at 40 cents each at the mass meeting of Chinese Saturday.

Included in the subscriptions was one of G.\$1,000 from Mr. Chiu Weiching. The Han Yeh Ping Iron and Coal Company contributed Mex. \$2,000.

The summary of the subscriptions here and elsewhere in China:

Shanghai	Mex. \$79,173
Chihli	250,000
Canton Government	G.\$50,000
Foochow	10,000
Central Government	50,000
President Hsu	3,000
Nanking	150,000
Hanchow	100,000
Nanchang	20,000
Hankow	106,000
Tientsin	250,000
Kaileng	6,000
Soochow	6,000

Totals... Mex. \$967,173 G.\$113,000 or Mex. 132,000

Summary:
Total Mex. \$967,173
Gold in Mex. 132,000

Grand Total for China Mex. \$1,099,173

AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING TO CONTINUE UNABATED

860 Vessels Of 3,500,000 Dead-weight Are Under Construction Now

(American Wireless To Reuter)
Washington, November 17.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Agents of the Shipping Board have been ordered to rush recruiting of crews for merchant ships. The number of men being trained for the service, now 4,000 monthly, will be increased. Shipyards will continue work with unabated energy, except for the curtailment of overtime and Sunday work. There are now under construction for the Shipping Board 860 vessels, aggregating 3,500,000 dead-weight tons.

Press Censorship Is Abolished In U.S.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Washington, November 14.—The withdrawal of the newspaper censorship is officially announced.

Serious German Disorders Break Out In Brussels After Signing Of Truce

Prince Rupprecht Seeks Refuge There And Is Forced To Flee; Belgians Ask King Albert For More Popular Constitution

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 17.—Reuter's agency learns that the King and Queen of the Belgians have postponed their entry into Brussels. The Belgian army began to advance on November 14, and correspondents who accompanied them entered the city and ascertained that there had been serious disorders on the part of German soldiers on November 10, 11 and 12. Three delegates from Hamburg arrived on November 10 and harangued a crowd from the German headquarters. The Governor General, General von Falkenhause, conferred with the delegates and, then appearing on a balcony, announced his resignation. Thereupon German officers were stripped of their insignia, some voluntarily. German soldiers entered the park and smashed the guns, and then formed processions, waving red flags and singing the Marseillaise.

Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria arrived in Brussels on November 11 and was refused shelter at the Dutch Legation and at the Spanish Legation. A mob of Belgians in the evening burned kiosks and German newspapers. German soldiers fired, killing twelve and wounding thirty civilians. Fighting was renewed on November 12, but was confined to drunken German soldiers, among whom there were many casualties. The Germans after that began to retreat. The Soviet posted machine-guns at street corners in order to overawe would-be pillagers. The city is intact except

for a few houses which were wrecked in the riots.

Crown Prince Rupprecht fled to Holland on November 13. Prince Eitel Fritz was at Louvain on November 13, defended by a hundred Imperialist soldiers. General von Falkenhause has disappeared. The Soviet, sitting in the Senate, is of a very mixed character, unwashed privates fraternising with monied officers, including Baron Lauken and Generals Hurt and Freund, who have professed adherence to the new order.

Amsterdam, November 15.—A new authority has apparently been established in Brussels and is recognised by the German authorities, who are unable to maintain order. Crowds of deserters and convicts are pillaging the shops and attacking the banks. Their victims include German officers. Drunken German soldiers set fire to and exploded a munitions depot at Aasche in the vicinity of Brussels.

London, November 16.—Correspondents at the British headquarters state that according to accounts of refugees, when the armistice was signed riots broke out in Brussels, German soldiers waving red flags, singing the Marseillaise and killing their officers.

Deputations of Brussels citizens, with German safe conduct, came to King Albert at Ghent on November 13 and informed him that the people of Brussels desired a more popular form of constitution under the Monarchy. It is possible that King Albert's entry into Brussels, which was fixed for today, may be postponed.

HOLLAND FOOD CRISIS BRINGS ACTION BY ALLIES

Take Steps To Remove Cause Of Unrest; Socialists Denounce Queen Wilhelmina

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 15.—Reuter's agency learns that the Allies are taking the most energetic steps to relieve food shortage in Holland, which is the chief cause of the present unrest. The situation is already easier and it is hoped that Allied action will alleviate the gravity of the position.

The Hague, November 15.—In the Second Chamber the socialist leader Troelstra, after alleging that Queen Wilhelmina and her entourage wielded a militarist influence, denied that the revolutionary movement in Holland was due to hunger or despair, saying that it was the conscious expression of the will of the socialists, who have been awaiting a propitious moment. The bourgeoisie rule was rotting. The socialists demanded the socialisation of labor. They did not want anarchy. He did not believe the Government would be able to rely on the army and police.

Excitement In Amsterdam

London, November 16, 5:40 p.m.—There has been some delay to telegrams from Holland concerning the internal situation but the latest telegrams from Amsterdam, which are dated the 14th, report that considerable excitement prevails. Both the Government and the revolutionary parties are distributing leaflets broadcast. A revolutionary speech outside the Palace evoked a minimum of interest. The Government has prohibited the sale of spirits.

Amsterdam, November 15.—The volunteer Landsturm, consisting of men who freely offered their services in 1914 although they were not obliged to undertake military service, have been called up.

The Hague, November 15.—Speaking in the Second Chamber, the revolutionary socialist, Wynkoop, denounced the socialist leader Troelstra and the social democrats as partisans of the middle classes. He urged demobilised soldiers to retain their arms with a view to the establishment of Soldiers' Councils. Mr. Treub, of the Economic League, (Continued on Page 5)

GERMANY SENDS NOTE OF GRATITUDE TO U.S.

Self Thanks Wilson For Offer Of Food And Requests Haste To Avoid Anarchy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 15.—Dr. Solf has sent a message to President Wilson gratefully acknowledging his magnanimously promised food relief, and requesting expedition owing to fears of anarchy. Dr. Solf suggests that plenipotentiaries should meet at The Hague to arrange details.

London, November 16.—A German official wireless message says that Dr. Solf has requested President Wilson to grant permission for a German commission to visit America in order to purchase food owing to the very extreme conditions in Germany.

Amsterdam, November 15.—A telegram from Berlin states that the Germania considers that the present benevolent attitude of the Entente and America towards Germany is proof that they fear neither repression of freedom nor a return to militarism. The paper says that this favorable impression abroad must be strengthened by all possible means, especially the immediate summoning of a National Assembly.

London, November 14.—In the House of Commons Mr. Bonar Law stated that Parliament would be prorogued on November 20 or 21. He also stated that immediate steps were being taken to revictual neutral and enemy countries, but any disturbance of public order would delay and perhaps prevent Allied assistance.

(American Wireless To Reuter)
Washington, November 16.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—Secretary of State Lansing handed the following note to the Minister for Switzerland:

"I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your note today, transmitting to the President the text of a cable inquiring whether this government is ready to send foodstuffs into Germany without delay if public order is maintained in Germany and an equitable distribution of food guaranteed. I should be grateful if you would transmit the following reply to the German government:

"At the joint session of the two Houses of Congress November 11, the (Continued on Page 5)

Fritz Showing How He Says 'Kamerad'



French poilus in the trenches on the Western front with a German captured in a raid of the enemy trenches. Fritz is showing the camera man the way he and his comrades yell "Kamerad."

Program Nears Completion For Three-Day Celebration

Parades Being Arranged; Kiddies To See 'Movies'; Want Names Of Men From Front

A "victory" reception will be given tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the offices of the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, Bubbling Well Road, by General Li Yung-hsian, Admiral Lan Kien-chiu, Mr. Ivan Chen and Mr. Wang Keng-ting. The Allied Consular officials, members of educational institutions and of the press are invited.

The plans for the official celebration in Shanghai are being perfected by the Celebration Committee and sub-committees and instructions relative to the parades of Friday afternoon and Saturday evening have been issued. In connection with the torchlight procession of Saturday night the committee in charge requests that all those who wish to enter floats or decorated or illuminated cars—other than the national floats already arranged for—shall send their request for place in the parade to Captain E. I. M. Barrett, Hon. Secretary, Central Police Station, not later than Thursday evening. It is understood that floats of an advertising nature will not be accepted.

Also in connection with the torchlight procession it is announced by the Police Department that the following roads will be closed to vehicular traffic except trams, from 6 p.m. Saturday until the procession shall have passed.

Bubbling Well Road, east of Park Road; Thibet Road, south of Nanking Road; Nanking Road; Bund, south of Peking Road; Avenue Edward VII, east of Yunnan Road.

Traffic will be allowed to cross Nanking Road and Avenue Edward VII until the latest possible moment at Kiangse, Honan, Fukien, Chekiang and Yunnan Roads.

Persons residing in the sections closed will be allowed to pass the police barriers.

Two Sections To Parade

It has been decided, owing to the slowness of a street procession and the annoyance to motor drivers in having to stop continually, to divide the parade of Friday afternoon into two sections, the first of carriages, richas and so on and the second of motor cars.

The first section will parade on the left hand side of Soochow Road head of the procession near the Garden Bridge, ready to start at 2:15 p.m. sharp and will proceed to the Bund, Avenue Edward VII, Rue

PEACE CONFERENCE NOT EXPECTED TILL EARLY NEXT YEAR

Allies Will First Hold Preliminary Session Beginning In Fortnight

WILSON IS COMING

May Attend Allied Meeting But Won't Be At General Negotiations

GERMAN SITUATION

Soldiers Returning From Front To Berlin In Great Disorder

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 16.—The Secretary of State, Mr. Lansing, has replied to the German Minister for Foreign Affairs, Dr. Solf, who asked for the conclusion of the treaty of peace as quickly as possible. The American Secretary of State says that the Germans should address their requests not to the United States only but to all the Allied Governments.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 16.—A semi-official communiqué states that the Allied discussion concerning the peace preliminaries is not likely to begin before November 30. Most of the meetings will be held in Paris but the plenary meetings will take place at Versailles.

It is generally anticipated that the peace conference proper will begin at New Year.

Allied Leaders In Paris

Paris, November 15.—Allied leaders have assembled in Paris, including Mr. Lloyd George, Senator Orlando, Mr. Balfour, Baron Sonnino, and Colonel House. Many matters have to be arranged before the peace conference meets at Versailles early next year. It is announced that President Wilson will visit Europe shortly. President Wilson, as the head of a belligerent State, cannot take a direct part in the proceedings. Among the numerous questions requiring investigation before the conference meets is the question of the new frontier between Alsace-Lorraine and Germany, choice resting between the frontiers of 1860, 1814 and 1790.

London, November 15.—The newspapers state that the peace conference will assemble at Versailles early next year. The personnel of the British delegation, including experts, interpreters, etc., will probably exceed 200 in number.

German Troops Disorderly

Amsterdam, November 14.—A message from Berlin states that the great Chief Burgomaster has issued a statement saying that great numbers of German troops are returning from the front in the most disorderly manner and he appeals to all parties to master the danger.

Amsterdam, November 15.—The Rheinisch Westfälisch Zeitung says that Herr Ebert told Herr Westarp, a member of the Reichstag, that the Reichsfag no longer exists.

Copenhagen, November 14.—The German Farmers' Association has issued a proclamation demanding the convocation of a national convention and the establishment of Farmers' Councils having equal rights with the Soldiers' Councils.

Prince Friedrich Leopold of Prussia has adhered to the new Government.

Copenhagen, November 14.—The Center Party of the German Reichstag has issued an appeal, demanding equal rights for its principles. The National Liberals in an appeal, promise to co-operate in the establishment of a truly democratic State and demand the early election of a National Convention.

Copenhagen, November 16.—The Duke of Saxe-Coburg Gotha and the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg Schwerin have abdicated.

Urges Haste In Calling Of German Assembly

(French Wireless)

Koukaza, Shanghai, November 17.—The following from Nauen has been picked up by this station: Berlin, November 16.—They (the Trade Union?) hope and trust with their working brothers in soldiers uniforms that the party for their defense among the workmen may be hurried. In the resolution of the Peoples' Government to call a national assembly on a broad democratic foundation they have the assurance that the present achieve-

(Continued on Page 5)

ments of the revolution will be permanently secured and be further extended and completed by the maintenance of unity among German workmen. Finally the trade unions renewed their desires, already recognised by a foreign government, to embody into the peace treaties the provisions for the protection of workmen and soldiers and the admission of union representatives to the coming peace conference.

Prussian Second Chamber Dissolved
Berlin, November 16.—The announcement of the dissolution of the Prussian Second Chamber is officially confirmed. The Upper Chamber has been done away with.

The Workmen's and Soldiers' Council has given notice that the Senate and Board of Aldermen no more exists.

The Duke of Saxe-Altenburg has laid down his government. A manifesto in the Berliner Tageblatt, which comes from a private source, calls for the formation of a "New Peoples' Party."

A newspaper, Die Freiheit, which is published by the Independent Social Democrats, announces in its first number that preparations have already been made for constituting election districts for the Constituent National Assembly.

The Vorwärts states that the National Assembly must define the limits for the work of the parliament of the Federal States and must therefore meet earlier than these. On this account the preparations are especially being hurried at present as the soldiers, amounting to nine millions, are on their way home. This difficulty could be mastered if all the voters present in a certain election district on election day gave their vote there. When adopting proportional suffrage, the numbers of people in an election district is of no consequence.

Want Big Democratic Party

The Party Assembly of the Progressive Peoples' Party desired, according to the Berliner Tageblatt, the formation of a great German party standing on a democratic and republican platform and undertaking the task of protecting the unity of the nation and of realising the political principles and aims of liberal citizens in city and country.

In connection with the reports that progressive and national circles have approached the leaders of the respective parties for the purpose of interesting them, the Tagliche Rundschau opposes this attempt to found a new democratic party and hints at the danger of creating new divisions.

The assembly of technical and science schools in Berlin desires an election as soon as possible and also that representatives of science shall be called to take part in the provisional office of the Peoples' Commissioners.

The members of the Center Party at present in Berlin have formed a committee which is to direct a campaign of information and, above all, to form a National Committee of the Center Party.

The Deutsche Tageszeitung demands that in New Germany national as well as social matters, which by their nature, belong together, must be brought into close connection. In reply to this Count Rovenlow says: "The Monarchy has disappeared because the representative of the Monarchy showed himself personally weak and incapable, and this indeed for the first time during the war."

More Princes Quit
Lyons, November 17.—From Basle, Prince Adolph of Schaumburg-Lippe has renounced the throne for himself and his family. A Council has taken over the government.

A message from Aralson to the Kaiser's Tageblatt says that Prince Frederick, Prince of Waldeck in Pomerania, has voluntarily renounced the throne.

A message from Salfield states that Duke Bernhard and Prince Ernest have definitely abdicated.

The Republic of Saxony has been proclaimed and the crown properties have been made public properties.

Finally a message from Gotha states that on Thursday the Diet was informed that Duke Charles Edward of Saxe-Coburg renounced the throne.

Berlin, November 16.—The Prince of Schaumburg-Lippe has abdicated the throne for himself and his house.

The Prince of Rudolstadt has declared that he is ready to lay down the government.

All the members of the Diet in Coburg are in favor of uniting the dukedom of Coburg with the Republic of Bavaria.

In Oldenburg the first Peasants' Assembly has met. 5,000 attended the meeting and decided unanimously on the election of Peasants' Councils to supplement the Soldiers' Councils.

Berlin, November 15.—Dr. Bernstein, in a leading article in the new Berlin organ of the Independent Social Democratic Party, Die Freiheit, emphasises that it is satisfac-

tory to know that on almost all sides the champions of the revolution have shown full understanding for the economic necessities. A deterioration of economic conditions can only be avoided if the industrial life of the people is disturbed as little as possible. Unorganised and brutal interference with industrial life are injurious. At the same time, boldness and prudence are necessary in order that the final result may be greater welfare and more freedom.

Only 14 Killed in Rising
Berlin, November 16.—The number of victims of the revolution amounts to fourteen killed, according to a definitive statement issued by the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council. In addition three criminals were summarily shot for robbery and plundering.

Berlin, November 16.—The first races (?) since the Revolution took place today in Mariendorf, near Berlin, before a very large attendance. Numerous soldiers and sailors were present.

New Labor Regulations
Berlin, November 15.—Between the large Employers' Associations and the Trade Unions an agreement was made on the 15th which comes into force immediately. In this the length of a regular workman's day is fixed at eight hours. Moreover the trade unions are recognised as the chosen representative bodies of workmen, any limitation of coalition freedom is declared invalid and the regulation is in common as well as an equal administration of registry offices were agreed upon. All working conditions are fixed by common agreement between the associations of employers and traders and the associations of workmen. Workmen's committees are to be organized for all trades which shall watch the carrying through of the collective agreements in common with the employers. The formation of a central committee has moreover been agreed upon between the organization of employers and the organization of employees on a basis of equality, with a sub-structure formed according to trades. This is intended for carrying through these agreements as well as for the regulation of measures for demobilisation and the maintenance of industrial life.

PROMISE VOTES FOR ALL
(American Wireless To Reuter)
Washington, November 16.—(Received by French Wireless station).—The German cruiser Königsberg has sailed with plenipotentiaries to meet the British admiralty representatives regarding naval terms. The people's commissioners in Berlin have promised universal suffrage.

CROWN PRINCE INTERNED BUT KAISER IS 'REFUGEE'

Dutch Ministry Explains His Connection With German Army Has Ceased

(French Wireless)
Lyons, November 16.—A message from Basle states that the ex-emperor of Germany has obtained the permission of the Dutch Minister to go to Holland. The Kaiser left Berlin on Friday morning.

Another message from Amsterdam reports that, according to the last news received, the ex-Crown Prince and her children have arrived incognito at the Chateau of Swalmere, near Luremonde, where the ex-Crown Prince is interned. The arrival is expected of other dethroned German sovereigns.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Amsterdam, November 13.—The Kaiser's suite have handed over their swords to Dutch officers today, thus completing their internment. The Kaiser is not interned, the Government regarding him as a distinguished political refugee.

The Hague, November 15.—In connection with the question of the Kaiser's internment the Ministry of Foreign Affairs states that all the Kaiser's relations with the army have ceased owing to his abdication.

London, November 15.—The Vorwärts announces that the Kaiserin,

the Crown Princess and other German Princesses, remain at the Neues Palace, near Potsdam, which the Soviet is protecting.

Amsterdam, November 14.—Three officers accompanied the Crown Prince, who after leaving Spa, motored by a circuitous route in order to avoid meeting German troops. All four were disarmed by Dutch frontier guards and devoured food and beer which was given to them. The Crown Prince appeared to be in excellent humor. He requested cigarettes, chatted with the guards and asked for the latest news from Berlin.

It is now certain that the Kaiser was not accompanied by any of his family. He and several German officers motored for two hours in the neighborhood of Amerongen.

DRAFT IN U.S. CANCELLED BETWEEN 36 AND 45

Most Of Men Enrolled In Last Registration Freed Of Obligation

(American Wireless To Reuter)
Washington, November 17.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Provost Marshal Crowder, of the army, has announced the cancellation of the enrollment for selective service of all men between the ages of thirty-six and forty-five.

Judge Lobingier To Address Club

Will Talk Before American Clubwomen At Carlton This Afternoon

Judge Charles S. Lobingier, of the United States Court for China, will address the American Woman's Club at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon at the Carlton Cafe on the subject "The Chinese in the Philippines."

Tea will be served at 4 p.m. and the Executive Board will have a meeting at 5 o'clock.

Last Few Days Of French Loan Drive On

Total Now Is Francs 37,647,000, With More Expected In Final Rush

The sum of 37,647,000 francs has been subscribed to the French Victory Loan by Shanghai, according to figures at the banks at the closing hour yesterday. As the drive closes this week, it is expected that the purchase of bonds will be heavy today and tomorrow.

The details of the returns at the various banks yesterday were as follows:

Banque de l'Indo-Chine	25,010,000
Banque Industrielle de Chine	6,984,000
Banque Russo-Asiatique	4,322,000
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	1,203,000
Banque de Chine	128,000
Total	37,647,000

\$1 opens a Savings Account.
\$100 opens a Checking Account.

HOMELANDS OF SOME OF OUR DEPOSITORS.

America, Australia, Canada, China, England, France, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Roumania, Russia, Scotland, Sweden, Switzerland, Wales.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation
15 Nanking Road, Shanghai

GERMAN BANK CASES EXPECTED IN FEW DAYS

Liquidator To Bring Actions Against Firms Failing To Settle Overdrafts

Action will be taken in the Mixed Court within a few days against debtors to the Deutsche Asiatische Bank, now in liquidation, and, beginning today, firms and individuals who have not met overdrafts will be haled into court to give reasons for not discharging their obligations to the former German Bank now in the hands of the Chinese Government. Debtors are allowed ten days, the first notifications having been sent out by those in charge of the liquidation November 9.

One of the largest debtors to the bank is the Club Concordia, which may go under the hammer because the institution is unable to meet its liabilities to the bank. When the German Club was built ten years ago, the money was advanced by the Bank and although the Club has been run at a profit, it was never pressed for its obligations to the bank. Over \$300,000 is due and the land and buildings will probably be sold to meet the notes held by the bank.

Several firms have already settled obligations rather than lose their securities but the German Club and Verdun Gardens, with the German Country Club, will probably be sold to cover indebtedness to the bank.

The work of liquidation, which will require nearly three months, is under the direction of Mr. G. Passeri and Mr. Sung Han-chang, manager of the Bank of China. They are assisted by representatives of the International Banking Corporation, Russo-Asiatic Bank and Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

The liquidation of the German Bank is a deathblow to German after-war trade ambitions in China as German business houses, whose strength lay in ability to foster long credit by virtue of the leniency of the Deutsche Asiatische Bank, must meet their obligations immediately and thus suspend their long credits to Chinese buyers.

The Bank's liabilities included obligations from German firms in the outports and in the interior as well as from all German houses flourishing in Shanghai prior to the war.

LOYD GEORGE SPEECH PRAISED BY WILSON

Program For Reconstruction Reveals Delightful Community Of Thought, Says President

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, November 16.—The Press bureau states that President Wilson has sent to Mr. Lloyd George the following message: "May I express my sincere admiration of the admirable temper and purpose of your address of November 12. It is delightful to be made aware of such community of thought and counsel in approaching the high and difficult task awaiting us."

An extensive and exceedingly handsome display of chrysanthemums will greet the view of visitors to the Shanghai Horticultural Society's Autumn show opening today in the specially constructed matchless on the Bund foreshore. Varieties and the quality of blooms are well up with the most successful shows of other years despite the hard weather of the past two weeks and there are a number of special exhibits which should receive the homage of lovers of flowers.

The Town Band is to be in attendance and tea and refreshments will be served in the matchless room and buffet. Tomorrow will be a special day for school children and the Society is offering a set of prizes for the best essays to be written on the subject by the pupils following their visit. This is the first time in a number of seasons that the display has been held in so readily accessible a spot and the attendance this year should be greatly increased.

BRITISH PRISONERS MAKE EASY ESCAPE

Condition Of Many Batches Working Behind Lines Is Pitiable

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, November 15.—Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters in France reports:

Prisoners of war working near the front when the armistice was proclaimed are now coming back in considerable numbers. According to one party from Waterloo, no hindrance is being offered to prisoners' return. Some are given lifts in German motor-lorries. The condition of numerous batches of ex-prisoners straggling towards the British lines is pitiable.

Extraordinary scenes are reported from Brussels where snipers and machine-gunners are ambushing officers from windows. A very large gathering of British prisoners left a concentration camp near Brussels in spite of threats that they would be shot. The threat was not carried out.

Federal Ultimatum Stops Swiss Strike

Leaders Threatened With Arrest Unless Work Was Immediately Resumed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Bern, November 15.—The strike has ended as the result of an ultimatum issued by the Federal Council that the strike leaders will be arrested unless work is resumed immediately.

Berne, November 15.—Strikers yesterday held up a train containing Federal Deputies between Brig and Biel. Troops accompanying the train fired and wounded some strikers. Three strikers were shot dead yesterday as the result of a collision with troops at Grenchen.

The strikers' committee has issued a manifesto which says that though the strike has ended the struggle of the workers continues to be developed on syndicalist lines.

CHRYSANTHEMUM SHOW OPENS ON BUND TODAY

Fine Display Of Blossoms To Delight Patrons Of Horticultural Society's Exhibit

An extensive and exceedingly handsome display of chrysanthemums will greet the view of visitors to the Shanghai Horticultural Society's Autumn show opening today in the specially constructed matchless on the Bund foreshore. Varieties and the quality of blooms are well up with the most successful shows of other years despite the hard weather of the past two weeks and there are a number of special exhibits which should receive the homage of lovers of flowers.

The Town Band is to be in attendance and tea and refreshments will be served in the matchless room and buffet. Tomorrow will be a special day for school children and the Society is offering a set of prizes for the best essays to be written on the subject by the pupils following their visit. This is the first time in a number of seasons that the display has been held in so readily accessible a spot and the attendance this year should be greatly increased.

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GEN. SMUTS COMES OUT FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Also Advocates Peace Of Conciliation In Same Spirit As Boer Settlement

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 14.—General Smuts, representing the British Government as host at a dinner to American editors, said that America's collaboration with the British Empire in reconstructing the future world was as significant and promising as her entry into the war.

He paid a tribute to the large-hearted and sportsman-like way in which the British are celebrating peace. There was no vindictiveness; no hymn of hate. Continuing, General Smuts said: "I have had little differences with the British, as you have had, but let us freely and frankly admit that they are a great people." The fearfulness of the fate of Prussian militarism was the most awful and solemn judgment in history, but all Europe today was broken and bleeding, and ancient institutions were collapsing wholesale. There was danger of a great setback, from which Europe would not recover for generations.

The Allies must now organize the world against hunger and unemployment. Owing to the new Continental situation, it was rapidly being recognized that a league of nations was a sheer practical necessity. The Inter-Allied machinery which was going to ration countries against hunger was the first step towards a league. Similarly, owing to shortages, raw materials would have to be rationed in the future. The map of Europe would shortly be a veritable medley of small nations some of which were already threatened with internal disorders. The future international organization to keep the peace was imperative. Thus the league of nations from small beginnings would develop vitality and attract a great volume of public opinion, eventually becoming strong enough to essay the supreme task of preserving world peace.

The league, moreover, could usefully be employed to depute a nation to act on the league's behalf in governing certain territories, as in the case of some of the German ex-colonies. Some of these were quite fairly and properly claimed by, and must be given to, the Dominion which conquered them. But as regards those not so claimed, certain Powers might be deputed to hold the colonies as mandatories of the league until the question of their ultimate disposal was settled, because the Allies would resist to the utmost their restoration to Germany, as it is impossible to foresee how Germany will develop in the future.

In conclusion, General Smuts eloquently urged that the best use should be made of present opportunities. The age of miracles was never past, and the world was again plastic and susceptible to a new creative impression and of being remade to better ends, on lines of universal freedom and justice, thus permanently establishing goodwill among classes and nations. The history of South Africa since the Boer War bore immortal testimony to the wisdom of a policy of conciliation. If the victors in this greatest of wars approached their problems in the same large temper as the British did in South Africa, he believed a great reconciliation of peoples might eventually, even to the disappearance of war itself.

DEMONSTRATION IN PARIS FOR ALSACE-LORRAINE

Poincare Makes Speech After Reviewing Procession Around Historic Monuments

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 17.—There was a great patriotic demonstration in Paris on Sunday afternoon in honor of Alsace and Lorraine. 15,000 persons took part in a procession which marched from the Arc de Triomphe de l'Etoile to the Place de la Concorde and in which were included the representatives of patriotic, political and social groups totaling eleven million members.

Surrounded by members of the Government and Diplomatic Corps, the President of the Republic, M. Poincare, witnessed the march past in the Place de la Concorde and made a speech in which he first recalled the conditions in which Germany declared war on France and tore up with her own hands the monstrous treaty which she imposed on us by force. M. Poincare afterwards proclaimed that Alsace and Lorraine have never ceased to be French at heart, which made their return to France an act of common justice. He then paid homage to the French and Allies, who have reduced the disconcerted enemy to beg for an armistice and peace. In conclusion he saluted the memory of those who are no more and whose sacred image will remain always in our hearts. "Honor to the Immortal dead."

Propose Allies Try Those Guilty Of War

French Deputies Introduce Motion For Legal Action And Hearing By Tribunal

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 15.—A motion has been introduced in the French Chamber of Deputies that the Government should take steps, in conjunction with the Allies, to open legal proceedings against those responsible for the war and to demand their extradition. It is suggested that a tribunal should be appointed composed of representatives of all countries which suffered from German brutality.

CHINA PEACE DELEGATE LEAVES JAPAN DEC. 6

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, November 17.—Mr. Lu Tseng-hsiang intends to leave Japan on his way to Europe on December 6.

Mr. Cheng Lu will be Acting Minister of Foreign Affairs during Mr. Lu's absence.

Look out for
the serpent!

Congratulations Given Various Allied Branches

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 16.—The Press bureau states that the Army Council has sent the following message to Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig:

On the occasion of the happy termination of hostilities we congratulate all ranks of the British Army in France upon the magnificent share they bore in the series of brilliant actions which contributed so powerfully to the gradual wearing down and final submission of the enemy. Since August, 1914, the British Expeditionary Force has grown from a small but highly efficient contingent, which acquitted itself with such renown at Mons, on the Marne, on the Aisne and at Ypres, to a great army. During the last four months this army has waged on a front of many miles an unceasing battle and has every day won new glories for its standard.

Through four chequered years of conflict the same spirit of cheerfulness, stoicism and gallantry, which our forefathers constantly displayed, was again shown in the glorious tale of daily achievements, which is the Empire's pride and cause for rejoicing today.

To Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, the commander who has led to decisive victory, over a formidable and skilful foe, the mightiest army that was ever sent forth to battle from the Empire, to all officers, from the highest to the lowest, and to all the rank and file who have borne the burden of the campaign, undaunted by discomfort, wounds, sickness or death, also to those whose unceasing labor behind the lines smoothed the working of the machine of victory, the Army Council tends their tribute of admiration and gratitude, hoping that under God the mighty work which has been brought to a victorious conclusion on the battlefield may ensure to the Empire a future of honor, prosperity and peace.

Admiral Sims Sends Wire

London, November 16.—The Press bureau announces that Admiral Sims, Commander of the American Naval Forces in European waters, has sent a warmly worded letter to Admiral Wemyss on the occasion of the signing of the armistice, congratulating him on the conclusion of the war which was caused largely by the enemy's desire to crush the British Empire, while Germany's defeat was largely accomplished by the British Navy.

Admiral Wemyss, in reply, thanked America for her timely assistance and her loyalty and singleness of purpose.

Merchant Marine Thanked

London, November 15.—The Board of Admiralty, thanking the mercantile marine and the fishing industry for their incomparable services in the war, says that without the former's co-operation with the

navy and its indomitable courage, the enemy's submarine campaign must inevitably have attained its object. Our success achieved against the submarine was also largely due to the interest taken by owners in defensive equipment of ships. Moreover, the convoy system, which played so important a part in frustrating the enemy's designs and securing a safe passage for the United States army necessitated practising the new science of station keeping. The accuracy of this greatly depended upon the engineers' adaptability and skill.

On board all ships, from the largest dreadnought to the smallest patrol boat, were found officers and men of the mercantile navy combining with those of the Royal Navy in fighting the enemy and defeating his nefarious methods of warfare. In the interests of our glorious Empire the close connection between the mercantile navy and the Royal navy must prove a lasting one.

Macao Sends Message

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Macao, November 17.—The Gazette publishes the text of a congratulatory message from King George to the President of the Portuguese Republic, in which His Majesty says: "May a new era break, whose dawn we see, and draw more closely the ties which unite the people of My Empire with that of Portugal and bring both prosperity and progress."

A mass meeting will be convened on November 18 in the Senate, at which the Governor will preside.

A te deum was held in the Cathedral today. A holiday has been proclaimed for November 18.

RAILWAY TELEGRAPHERS AWARDED RAISE IN PAY

McAdoo Grants Increase Of 13 Cents An Hour And Minimum Of 48 Cents

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 17.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Director General of Railroads McAdoo today ordered the wages of railroad telegraphers to be advanced thirteen cents an hour above the rate prevailing on January 1, 1918, with a minimum of forty-eight cents an hour. The order involves an aggregate increase of \$30,000,000 and affects between 67,000 and 70,000 men.

WE Celebrate

Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
November 21, 22, 23

CIVILIAN PARADE FRIDAY

Invitations extended to

ALL HONGS
ALL CLUBS AND SOCIETIES
ALL GARAGES
ALL CIVILIANS

A special request is made for decorated Motor Cars and other vehicles, — private owners are asked to join in.

NOTE—Those who enter vehicles in the parade are requested to notify P. Legendre, Chairman, Civilian Parade, c/o French Municipal Council not later than the last post on Wednesday, November 20th so that arrangements can be made in advance.

Parade to be in two sections

1st Section—Civilians, Carriages, etc.
2nd Section—Motor Cars

1st section will parade on left side of Soochow Road, head of procession near the Garden Bridge, ready to start at 2.15 p.m. sharp.

ROUTE—To The Bund—To Avenue Edward VII—To Rue Montigny—To Avenue Joffre—To French Park.

2nd Section will parade on the left side of Boundary Road, head of procession at the Corner of North Chekiang Road, ready to start at 2.15 p.m. sharp.

ROUTE—To North Chekiang Road—To Peking Road—To Honan Road—To Soochow Road. Then follow the route of the first section to the French Park. It is figured that the 2nd section will catch up with the 1st section on Avenue Joffre.

DON'T FAIL TO DECORATE AND JOIN IN

GRAND TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION SATURDAY
NIGHT—PREPARE YOUR FLOAT

Signed:

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British General Election Will Be Held Next Month

Polling Day On December 14 And Votes Counted
On December 21 Or 28

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, November 14.—In the House of Commons today Mr. A. Bonar Law announced that he proposed to recommend His Majesty to issue on November 25 a proclamation summoning a new Parliament. The nomination day would be December 4, the polling day the 14th, and votes would be counted on December 21 or 28.

Campaign Is Opened
London, November 16.—The general election campaign has opened with a great meeting in London on behalf of the Coalition, at which Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Bonar Law and Mr. Barnes spoke.

Mr. Lloyd George said that the war had gloriously revealed faulty organisation of our national life and the wasteful use of national resources of men and material. The European situation was full of perilous possibilities and if the new Parliament failed even Great Britain's institutions might follow the way of those of the rest of Europe. We cannot return to the old conditions. If Parliament rises to the level of its great opportunity, then the Empire and the Throne will be firmly established on a solid basis of general happiness, prosperity and content.

Turning to reconstruction problems, Mr. Lloyd George said that the old race system had found condemnation in recruiting statistics, which disclosed a much higher percentage of physically unfit in Great Britain than in any other great belligerent country. This was not due to poverty but to mismanagement, underfeeding, bad housing, overwork and drink, to which many were driven by equal. The housing question must be a national task. Wages, forced up by the war, must not be permitted to drop below a point affecting the workers' efficiency. Another war revelation was that industrially we were unorganised. This must be changed in the future.

The State had almost completely neglected agriculture. Agricultural products were imported before the war which could be produced here. This would have enabled the employment of 400,000 people. He hoped that many soldiers would settle on the land. Our various methods of transportation must be improved under state control. The Prime Minister concluded by reviewing the Government's war achievements which, he submitted, justified renewed confidence for the solution of peace problems.

Mr. Bonar Law, who followed Mr. Lloyd George, declared that he

accepted the planks in the latter's program because he thought the aims of the Prime Minister and of the Unionist Party were very similar in essence. Mr. Bonar Law believed that the maintenance of the Coalition was necessary from every point of view. The new great world program demanded new treatment in a new spirit, not a party spirit.

The speeches of both the Prime Minister and Mr. Bonar Law avoided special points of differences between the Unionist and Liberal Parties.

Barnes To Remain

Mr. George Barnes said that he was convinced that he could best serve labor by remaining in his present post until normal political life could be resumed in industrial peace and social security. That state of affairs could best be secured by the relations of capital and labor being upon a constructive instead of a destructive basis by tackling problems co-operatively and with good will and by both workers and employers regarding themselves as servants of the community. Two essential things in industry after the war were the highest possible standard of living and the highest possible production. He believed that one depended upon the other.

The meeting enthusiastically resolved, pledging support to the Coalition.

Labor Party Would Withdraw

London, November 14.—A conference of the Labor Party has passed a resolution in favor of the Labor members withdrawing from the Government by 2,117,000 votes against 800,000.

London, November 15.—It is understood that the Labor Ministers have decided to remain in the Coalition.

A demonstration at the Albert Hall last night, following the Labor Conference, was of a most tumultuous character. Mr. Robert Smiller, President of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, referring to interruptions, said that some of their revolutionary friends wanted to begin immediately to wipe out all authority in London. That was not the way. It was easier to get what they wanted by a ballot than by bloodshed. Mr. Thomas, M. P., said that it was useless to howl at other people, if they were not intelligent enough to vote rightly. Mr. Arthur Henderson urged the necessity of reconstructing the Internationale. They did not want Bolshevism or peace which meant bloodshed.

Tiffin To C.R. Crane To Be Given By Eight Local Organisations

Chinese And American Societies
Plan Reception For Next
Week At Carlton

A reception and tiffin in honor of Mr. Charles R. Crane will be given at the Carlton Wednesday, November 27, by eight Chinese and American organisations in conjunction according to plans formulated at a meeting of representatives of these organisations held yesterday. Admiral Tsai Ting-kan, chairman of the Chinese Tariff Revision Commission, will preside at the luncheon and arrangements are being made to care for an attendance of over 300.

The organisations participating are the American Returned Students' Club, American University Club of China, Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, Chinese Young Men's Christian Association, Kiangsu Educational Association, World's Chinese Students' Association, Vocational Educational Association, and the Society for Constructive Endeavor.

ARMISTICE IN CHINA ORDERED BY MANDATE

Cause Of Justice Has Triumphed
Over Autocracy In Europe,
President Points Out

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, November 17.—As the result of yesterday's Cabinet meeting, a Presidential mandate orders the conclusion of an armistice in China, saying that the European war has ended, thanks to the bravery of the Allied soldiers, and the cause of justice and humanity has triumphed over the forces of autocracy. "We in China," the mandate continues, "participated with the Allies, notwithstanding opposition, and now we are honored as one of the Allies. How glad we are and how fortunate it is for us. Let us then turn to our own position. Owing to the political opinions of the Southern Provinces, internal strife has continued for years, which fills me with regret. I therefore order the troops at the front to carry out an immediate armistice. The expeditionary forces shall withdraw and be replaced by civil troops, who will restore local order."

British Ship Output 3,000,000 Tons Year

Estimate Is Given To House Of
Commons By Sir Chiozza
Money

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 14.—Mr. Chiozza Money stated in the House of Commons that British merchant shipping output would soon be three million tons yearly. He believed that British shipping would play a part in the future not inferior to that it had played in the past.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED



FOUCAULD
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COGNAC-FRANCE

KING GEORGE TO MAKE ADDRESS TO PARLIAMENT

Sovereign Indicates Desire To
Send A Message To Whole
Empire

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 14.—In the House of Commons today Mr. A. Bonar Law stated that His Majesty had intimated that he wished to send a message to the Empire by addressing both Houses of Parliament and the official representatives of the Dominions and India in England. It had been decided that the best way of doing this would be that both Houses of Parliament should present an address to His Majesty. This address will be moved in both Houses on the 18th and 19th and both Houses will proceed to the Royal Gallery to receive His Majesty's reply.

The Premier will move in the House of Commons on the 17th "that a humble address be presented to His Majesty, congratulating His Majesty on the conclusion of the armistice and the prospects of a victorious peace."

Want To Guard Graves Of Gallipoli Victims

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 14.—In the House of Commons Mr. Newman suggested that the terms of peace with Turkey should ensure to the British Empire effective custody of that portion of Gallipoli where so many of the Dardanelles Expeditionary Force are buried. Lord Robert Cecil, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, replied that he was grateful for the suggestion which would be carefully borne in mind.

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Foch Issues Order To Allied Armies

Have Won Greatest Battle In
History, Says Commander-
In-Chief

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 17.—Marshal Foch, the Commander-in-Chief of the Allied Armies, has issued the following proclamation:

"November 12, 1918. Officers non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the Allied Armies:

"After having resolutely held back the enemy, you have for some months attacked him, with a faith and energy beyond all praise, without rest. You have won the greatest battle in history and saved the most sacred cause of the Liberty of the World. Be proud! You have adorned your flags with an immortal glory. Posterity will remember you with gratitude."

HOLIDAY IN TOKIO

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, November 16.—The banks and business houses, in celebration of the victory of the Allies, have declared today a holiday. The papers give great prominence to the Emperor's telegrams of congratulation sent to the Sovereigns and Presidents of Allied countries.

There will be a Municipal peace celebration on November 21, when the Cabinet Ministers and Allied Ambassadors will be guests of honor. The Mayor of Tokio has presented an address to the Emperor, conveying felicitations on the cessation of the war.

Juvenile associations, representing 40,000 school children and others, celebrated the victory of the Allies today and cabled felicitations to Marshal Foch.

ARMED ROBBERIES SUNDAY

Armed robbers entered a shop at 540-561 Woosung Road extension early Sunday evening and stole \$16 in cash and pearls valued at \$825.

Two hours later the exchange shop at 73 Shanhaikwan Road was held up by four armed men, who stole \$16.15 in cash.

No arrests have been made.

French Mine-Sweeper Blown Up, Four Dead

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 15.—The French mine-sweeper, Bayot, while working in the Gulf of Alexandretta, struck a mine and was blown up. Four members of the crew were lost.

Britain Raises Veto On Racing This Winter

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 14.—The Government veto on racing this Winter has been withdrawn.

Shinkoku Maru Puts In With A Fire On Board

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, November 18.—The s.s. Shinkoku Maru, bound from Singapore to Vancouver with a cargo of copra, put into port this morning with a fire on board. The vessel was towed into Kowloon Bay.

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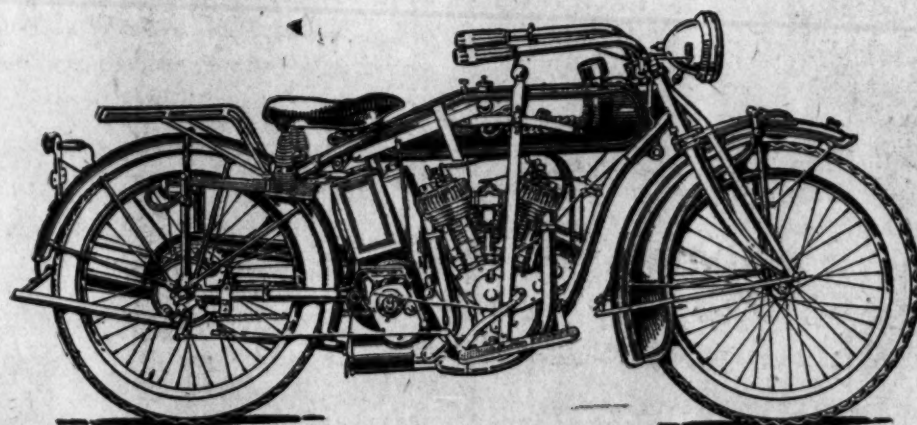
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NAME COMMITTEE TO FIX THANKSGIVING PROGRAM

Arrangements Discussed For
Service On American National
Day; Mr. Crane To Speak

A committee to arrange the program for the observation of Thanksgiving Day, November 28, was named last evening at a meeting of Americans held at the American Consulate.

A number of places have been offered for the holding of the Thanksgiving Day service, including the Cathedral, the Town Hall, Union Church and Martyr's Memorial Hall and the place and time will be fixed later.

It is probable that the principal address will be made by Mr. Charles R. Crane, personal friend of President Wilson, who is expected to arrive here from Peking about November 25. Allied Consuls and other officials and representatives of various national organizations will be invited to attend officially and there will be a special program of music and special decorations, these items being in charge of the American Woman's Club and American Woman's College Club. It is anticipated that there will be a very large attendance of Americans and Allies this year.

The following were named to serve on the Executive Committee for the celebration and are requested to meet in the Consular court room at the American Consulate at 5:15 p.m. tomorrow:

Mr. R. P. Tenney, chairman; Mr. George Fitch, secretary; the Rev. F. L. Hawks Pott, Capt. S. A. Ransom, Mr. A. B. Rosenfeld, Mr. Goldsmith, Mr. Boynton, Miss Coppock, Mr. J. B. Powell, Lieut. Shirley, Mrs. Lunt, Mrs. Ashley, Mr. Black, Mrs. Boynton, Mr. Viloudaki, Mr. N. E. Lurton and Mr. E. Everett.

Germany Sends Note Of Gratitude To U.S.

(Continued from Page 1)

President of the United States announced that representatives of the Associated Governments and the Supreme War Council at Versailles have by unanimous resolution assured the peoples of the Central Powers that every thing possible in the circumstances will be done to supply them with food and relieve the distressing want in so many places threatening their very lives; and that steps will be taken immediately to organize these efforts at relief in the same systematic manner that they were organized in the case of Belgium. He is of the opinion that by the use of the tide of tonnage of the Central Powers it ought to be possible to lift the fear of utter misery from their oppressed populations and set their minds and energies free.

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 18.—From Washington. Mr. Hoover, the Food Controller, is leaving on the 16th for Europe on board the s.s. Olympic. His purpose is to make a thorough study of the problem of supplying food to the populations of Belgium, the north of France, the Central Empire and the Middle East.

Allies Will Send Food To Holland

(Continued from Page 1)

declared that revolution was unnecessary in Holland as it was in the United States, France or Great Britain, because they already had a democratic regime. He said that the majority of the nation relied on the Government to resist violence.

The Hague, November 15.—Speaking in the Second Chamber, the Premier announced that arrangements were being made whereby the Allies would provide Holland with large supplies. The Government would oppose persons not wishing to proceed legally. The revolutionary socialist, Wynkomp, demanded the resignation of the Queen. He declared that the Government would not prevent revolution by satisfying the stomachs of the people.

Amsterdam, November 14.—The Revolutionary Socialists yesterday attempted to release the arrested soldiers and councillors. Troops guarding the barracks fired, killing three and wounding eight. The Trades Unions of provincial cities have refused to join the revolutionaries.

The speeches at a meeting of Troelstra's followers yesterday were much more moderate than Troelstra's recent pronouncement. Excitement has generally subsided, and citizens in many places are volunteering help to the Government in order to maintain order.

Assuring Message Received

Mr. de Reus, the Netherlands Consul-General in Shanghai, has received from his Legation in Peking the following telegram concerning the situation in Holland:

Foreign Office wires that energetic precautionary measures against the threatening seditious movement in the Netherlands had an excellent effect.

The army and a large majority of the population are giving admirable proofs of patriotism, loyalty and common sense.

Apart from insignificant disturbance at Amsterdam on the thirtieth of November, order has nowhere been disturbed.

GERMANY TO WITHDRAW TROOPS FROM FINLAND

Von Der Goltz Wants To Avoid
Conflict With British
Troops

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 17.—From Copenhagen. General von der Goltz, Commander-in-Chief of the German troops in Finland, has informed the Government of Finland that he is going to withdraw the troops under his command immediately in order to avoid all possibility of a conflict with the British forces which are expected to enter Finland shortly.

U.S. Is Responsible For Reorganising Oppressed Races

Has Same Moral Duty As Caused
It To Enter War, Says
Masaryk

(American Wireless To Reuters)

New York, November 17.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—At the American Slavic Conference today Professor Thomas G. Masaryk, President of the Czechoslovak Republic, said: "Speaking not only for Czechoslovakia but for the Poles, Jugos-Slavs and other nationalities of the proposed Mid-European Union freed from German and Austrian domination, I say that it was moral duty that caused the United States to enter the war and, having helped to win it, it is now its moral duty to assist in the reorganization of the formerly oppressed races."

Answering Dr. Masaryk, Senator Hitchcock, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said: "The American people are heart and soul with President Wilson in his demand that the generations of oppression and misrule end and that the Polish people, Jugos-Slavs and other peoples capable of self-determination and self-government shall have the opportunity."

The Senator reminded his hearers that "the high-sounding phrases of the Declaration of Independence sounded high in 1776 but proved practical, as would the high purposes dictating the Allied determination for permanent peace, gradual disarmament and a League of Nations."

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, urged the immediate formation of a League of Nations as the first practical step towards establishing and guaranteeing liberty to submerged nationalities in Eastern Europe. He said that the questions affecting boundaries and economic independence should be settled by this international tribunal.

PEERESSES ARE BARRED FROM HOUSE OF LORDS

But Bill Making Women Eligible
To Commons Is Finally
Passed

(Reuters Agency War Service)

London, November 15.—In the House of Lords the Bill enabling women to sit in Parliament has been finally passed. Lord Haldane's amendment to permit Peeresses to sit in the House of Lords in their own right was rejected by 33 votes to 14.

YOUNG TURKS FLEE

(Reuters Agency War Service)

Paris, November 14.—It is reported that Talaat Pasha, Enver Pasha, Djavid Pasha and Nazim Bey have fled from Constantinople. They are accused of the misappropriation of State funds and of crimes against International Law.

Program For Fete Nearly Completed

(Continued from Page 1)

were simple and the clergy present, besides the Bishop, were the Dean, the Rev. F. L. Hawks Pott, the Rev. C. J. F. Symons, the Rev. Nicolls and the Rev. Tsu. The music was congregational except for a beautifully rendered Kontakion by the choir.

At Union Church the Rev. C. E. Darwent preached on the text, taken from the words of Samson, "Thou hast given this great deliverance." This service also held in the morning, was likewise largely attended. The church was finely decorated with Allied flags and flowers and there was special music, with the Hallelujah chorus.

In the afternoon at the Palace Hotel, the big dining hall was crowded to overflowing for the special American Song Service thanksgiving program. A powerful sermon of thanks was delivered by the Rev. F. L. Hawks Pott, of St. John's University, who paid high tribute to the great leaders who had in God's providence brought the great victory. Mr. B. Atwood Robinson presided at the service and the platform was occupied by American Consular and Court officials and representatives of all the American organizations.

Thanksgiving was also the theme at the service of the Free Christian Church Sunday morning.

A striking service took place at the Parsee Garden, in Foochow Road, Sunday morning when practically the whole Parsee community gathered for a ceremony of thanksgiving conducted by Mr. Dastoor. At a meeting held after the service it was determined to send a message of congratulation and loyalty to the king.

The Jewish Communal Association of Shanghai held services of thanksgiving in the Beth-El and Shearith Israel synagogues on last Saturday morning. After the Scroll of the Law was brought out of the Ark and the portion for the day was read, the "Hallel," consisting of a series of hymns of praise and gratitude for deliverance, was sung. A similar service was held at the Ohel Moishe synagogue.

Polish Have Dinner

Returned French soldiers attended a dinner at the Kalee Hotel Sunday night to celebrate the Allied victory and the redemption of Alsace-Lorraine. Among the speakers were Consul-General Wilden, Captain Schmitt and Lt. Le Bris. Other officers present included Messrs. Brun, Braud and Tisseau. The forty polius present all saw active service on the Western front. Wine for the dinner was donated by Mr. Bateman of Calbeck, Macgregor and Company.

The Yoh. Ing. School, in the French Concession, will suspend classes Thursday, Friday and Saturday in commemoration of the Allied victory. The school was formed two years ago under the patronage of

the French Consulate-General. Miss Gladys Lake is the principal.

Portuguese Club Plans

At a meeting of the Portuguese Club last night members voted to open the new clubrooms at 18 Nanjing Road with a dance Thursday night. Appropriate features consistent with the victory celebration will be included in the inauguration exercises.

Club members will participate in the parades Friday afternoon and Saturday night.

The following committee will have charge of the club's activities in the celebration: Messrs. P. Meira da Costa, F. G. Eca da Silva, A. A. Rodriguez, L. J. d'Encarnacao, C. J. Machado, V. Senna, J. H. Botelho, J. C. d'Assumpcao and A. M. da Silva, Jr.

Polish Commander To Form Government

(Reuters Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 15.—A telegram from Warsaw says that the Regency Council has entrusted the Polish Commander-in-Chief, Pilsudski, to form a National Government.

Football

Baptist College Wins

The Shanghai Baptist College defeated the Shanghai American School in a well contested football game Saturday afternoon on the former's grounds. The final score was 5-1. In spite of the drizzling rain and a stiff breeze the game was fast and spirited.

The Baptists netted three goals during the first half, playing with the wind, inaccurate shooting preventing them from obtaining more points. In the second half the visiting team took a brace and was first to score. However the home team worked hard against the wind and made another point a little later. A penalty kick awarded to the college team added one more towards the end of the game.

Basketball

Rowing Club Beats Navy, 16-12

A fast and hotly contested game of basketball was played at the Rowing Club last evening when the Rowing Club five beat a Navy quartet—16 to 12. At the end of the

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first half the score stood 12 to 4 in favor of the Club but the Navy came back strong in the next session, Cunningham netting three baskets and Staples one, Staples and Folsom scored one basket each for the Navy in the first half. For the Rowing Club Scott netted three goals and

Rodger 5. Each side missed one free throw. The teams were: Rowing Club—Stiles, c; Kline, rf; Scott, lf; Rodger, rg; Haskell and Little, lg. Navy—Staples, c; Flaherty, rf; Connor and Mack, lf; Cunningham, rg; Folsom, lg. Referee—Kay.

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IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOVEMBER 19, 1918

Two Good Suggestions For Shanghai's Celebration

IN response to our appeal for suggestions as to methods of celebrating the armistice, we have received the following letters which contain at least two very good ideas. We hope the committee will adopt both of them. The first is from Mr. J. E. (Teddy) Edwards, a well known commercial traveller, and is as follows:

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS
Dear Sir.—It seems to me that in the plans now being made for Shanghai's armistice celebration, the navy and the tremendous part it played in the bringing the war to a victorious conclusion, are being overlooked. The navy in my opinion had as much to do with winning the war as the army did, and some plan ought to be devised that will give our gallant sailors the recognition. In thinking along these lines it occurred to me that we ought to have a water display in the harbor, something that all foreigners would enjoy and that would impress hundreds of thousands of our Chinese residents. Let me therefore suggest something along the following lines for, say, next Friday night:

A large float or junk should be prepared and illuminated as Germany, "both in English and in Chinese." This could be anchored to a buoy, and then, at the right moment torpedoes or burned and arising out of the flames should appear the word "Peace." Following this there should be a water parade, each Allied nation having a boat or barge. These barges should land one by one at the Customs Jetty. Shanghai girls, each representing her own nation, would step off the barges and be officially received. Notables of the war, including Marshal Foch, General Haig, Pershing and Diaz, Admirals Beatty and Sims, King George, President Wilson, President Poincaré, King Victor Emmanuel, King Albert, Lloyd George, et al., would also be suitably welcomed and the whole lot would then be driven in decorated motor cars to wherever the Armistice Ball is being held. There also ought to be boats bearing in English and Chinese the following legends:

"The Allies Rule The Waves."
"Germany waives the Rules."
Properly developed this ought to make a fine feature. There ought to be plenty of noise and fireworks during the river show and all the military bands available should take part. If the committee will place the scheme in the hands of the Allied navy men now here I am sure they will do themselves and the town proud. Yours truly,
J. E. (TEDDY) EDWARDS,
Astor House Hotel.

The other suggestion comes from Mr. A. S. Glemby and in our opinion it merits serious consideration. It is as follows:

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS
Dear Sir.—All the world is wondering what to do with the Kaiser and this state of uncertainty ought to be taken into consideration by the Armistice Celebration Committee. This committee ought to figure out what to do with the Kaiser and then do it to him publicly on the Race Course in such a way that beholders will never forget the spectacle. There should be a scene, properly illuminated, showing the arrival of one nation after another, girls representing the nations and eventually forming a tableau. Then the Kaiser should arrive and kow-tow to them and ask their pardon which they refuse to give. At this moment the Devil drives up in a big red car and with plenty of red fire and beckons the Kaiser to follow him. The Kaiser sinks from the scene, enters the devil's car and is driven away, disappearing in a blaze of red fire. There should be a streak of this red fire about a hundred yards long, which blazes up across the path of the devil just as he starts to drive away with the Kaiser. The Chinese, I may add, know all about devils and demons and would have no difficulty understanding exactly what became of the Kaiser. Hoping this suggestion may be of some use, I am, Yours truly,
A. S. GLEMBY.

Perhaps in considering these suggestions the committee may find a way to combine them.

Foch At The First Marne Battle

After a peace has been wrung from an evil-minded foe people will spend the fifty years following in explaining the First Battle of the Marne. A lot of ink has already been spilled on it. Here is new insight on it, taken from a review by "H. M. T." in The Nation (London) of "General Foch at the Marne," by Charles Le Goffic, a witness of General Foch's strategy. The Belloc explanation of the Marne is that Foch saw a breach in the German lines and promptly thrust his army into it. The new version makes the French general out as much more audacious in the face of desperate need. This is what "H. M. T." says about it:

"If there is one war subject more than another which needs a thorough sorting of the mixed straws in the beard it is the First Battle of the Marne. Anyhow, it does in the case of my beard, and one of my straws is the Russian myth. Everybody in France knew some one who had seen those Russians. One huge camp was near Chartres. I was shown Cossack caps which had come from there. The Battle of the Marne was then engaged, and we had seen the historic sort of caps bearing Maunoury's men east, and ourselves were out near Meaux, witnessing a little of the affair. Like everybody else, I had to believe there was something in that story of the Russians. Anyhow, I could not disprove it. With the German right wing so vulnerable, theoretically, what influence had that Russian myth on the minds of the German generals? When we, who were getting circumstantial evidence everywhere in France of the presence of the Cossacks, could not upset the story, how could the Germans ignore those Russians as a possible factor in what was, undoubtedly, a situation fraught with gravity for their armies, in spite of many victories? For certainly they had been informed the Russians were there; and most certainly they could not be sure they were not."

"I have but a bored attention for military history, and my interest in war itself is the same for mock, cretinism or bad drama. I merely wonder why it is and wish it wasn't. But the Marne keeps me wondering and baffled as would a ghost story in which I was to some extent concerned. I want to read whatever is said about it. We know what happened there as the result of nine days' battle, and can guess the tremendous import of the defender it gave to European history; perhaps the result of no other battle was ever of such deep consequence. All that is clear."

"But why did fate tip the beam that way? In France, though some of us held to an entirely unreasonable faith that the enemy would never take Paris, in spite of what Kitchener and the French government thought, yet, when challenged, we could not explain why, for we knew the facts were against us. To have heard the guns of the Marne was as though once one had listened to the gods contending for our destiny. We could not eat nor sleep; there was nothing we could do but to get as close as possible for an inkling as to what was going to happen to us."

"Reading this book of M. Le

Goffic's as controversy, as romance and as a challenge to personal memories, I have scoured its pages for quotation; but you will have to go without. There is no room. There is too much that is excellent. Some writer of the future, centuries hence, will spell out Le Goffic on the fighting about the Tower of the Marshes at Mondement. It was the key to the swamp of St. Gond, the French center. The Tower was held by the French when, by every military theory, they ought to have given it up; but at last it was lost. Then the French got it again, out of pure cussedness, so far as the evidence shows; because at the time they regained it Mondement had ceased to be anything but a key to a door which was broken down. Foch, according to the books, was beaten. But Foch, it appears, was fond of quoting this saying of Joseph de Maistre: 'A battle lost is a battle which one had expected to lose.' So while his battalions were reduced to sparse companies without officers, and the Prussian Guard and the Saxons were driving him back everywhere, Foch, who had borrowed the 42d Division from General Franchot d'Esperey, kept reporting to headquarters, 'The situation is excellent.' Yet the 42d had not arrived, and he continued to retell.

"Now, contradicting Belloc and the usual explanations, M. Le Goffic declares that Foch was unaware of any gap in the German lines into which he promptly flung the opportunity 42d. With bleak audacity he thrust that borrowed division against the flank of the advancing Prussians, who were in superior force. The Prussians retired. But were they not already preparing to retire? And for what reason? When all seemed lost, Foch won in the center."

"Why? There, as on the extreme French left, where Maunoury's outflanking of von Kluck was itself being outflanked, the fatigued and outnumbered French soldiers were expecting the worst. They were beaten, but they would not admit it. I doubt whether soldiers ever fought with greater intelligence and courage than the French at the Marne. For them it was the end. They were holding the pass. On large sectors they advanced, but on their left wing and their center they were in a bad way. What really happened has not yet been made clear; but owing to the sudden and unexpected general French resistance on the Marne, their insolent attack on von Kluck, the inexplicable and baffling audacity of Foch in the center, who did everything no well educated militarist would ever expect from another general, and a number of other factors—for more than a week the French fought like men possessed—something gave way in the mind of Fritz. He could not make it out. This was not in his plan. He could not find it in his books. He did not know what to do; except to retire to think it over in safety. The fury of the outraged human spirit bursting suddenly, persistently and regardlessly against the calm and insolent front of material science assured of its power, interrupted and scared the slow processes of the German mind. We have seen an indignant rooster produce the same effect on a bull."

Says German People Will Not Change

The Yordoku, a leading vernacular journal in Japan, writes: Austria-Hungary, Germany's strongest ally, has at last fallen. Her destruction has a far greater effect upon the fate of Germany than that of Russia had upon the Allies. In fact, Germany has lost her last hope of victory by the downfall of the Dual Monarchy.

The downfall of Austria is a great political lesson from which all the nations in the world should learn something. It reveals that a country which is united simply by military power must fall. It shows that a country constituted of many nationalities or races can maintain its unification only by the representation of these nationalities or races, and if the will of these nationalities is ignored under the despotism of one central government the country must fall. Many world powers have a heterogeneous population like Austria. They must realize that the time is past when a nation is able to govern the nationalities or races belonging to its population simply by military power.

The next question to be considered in connection with the downfall of the Dual Monarchy is the future of Germany. There are many who think that the fate which visited the Hapsburg will inevitably fall on the Hohenzollern, and that Germany will become a republic after the all

of the Kaiser. Certainly the abdication of the present Kaiser is a possibility. But the Kaiser's abdication does neither mean the destruction of the German militarism nor the appearance of the German democracy.

Those who think that the disintegration of the Dual Monarchy will cause the disunion of the German federation are political dreamers. They must first remember the homogeneity of the German population. Secondly, they must keep it in their mind that no country in the world is more proud of its national unification than Germany. In fact, unification is one of the paramount characteristics of the Teuton race. The Germans, no matter whether they are Prussians or Bavarians, are firmly convinced that it is the Teuton race which must lead the civilization of the world. With this high ideal they are strongly united not as a nation alone but as a race.

The Hohenzollerns may lose prestige, but the German people remain unchanged. The present bureaucratic government of Germany may change, but it is impossible to make the German people as democratic as the Americans or British. The history of the German Empire under the Hohenzollerns may end, but the history of the German people still continues. The Allies should be cautious about the future of the German people when they discuss peace after the war.

Why Can't Arnold Bennett?

English life is sufficiently compact to give the operations and processes of men of letters, and of all artistic persons in public life, a serious consideration and a public attention that they get nowhere else—unless it be in France. John Galsworthy may fall from his high estate and run into a vein of rank sentimentality, but at least there is a well established bar which will give him a hearing because he is John Galsworthy. Here's Bennett now, with a new play close on the heels of his new novel, "Milestones," which had the expert hand of Edward Knoblauch to give it point, was diverting and illuminating. "The Title," a comedy that gives Bennett a chance to take a fling at the system of conferring titles, apparently has come nowhere near the successful mark set by "Milestones." If this comment in The Outlook (London) is to be trusted:

"Why does not Mr. Bennett write a first-rate play? One turns the pages of 'The Title' and wonders. It is not that he is not master of the technique. He almost brandishes his mastery. It is not that he cannot create character; he has created a gallery. It is not that he ignores either in 'The Title.' But the whole comedy is permeated by a subtle contempt, whether for his public or for his medium it is hard to say."

"It is of course a comedy of situation more than of character. Arthur Culver, business man. Controller of Accounts, has a daughter, Hildegard, who manages in the spare time, left over from being a government typist to write slashing articles over the signature of Sampson Straight. Sampson has just written an article on 'The Degradation of Honors' when the play opens, and Arthur Culver has just been offered a baronetcy which he does not intend to accept. So far so good. But the 'curtain' of the first act is the discovery by his wife of the offer of the baronetcy before he has adequately prepared her mind for his refusing it. And as she is quite determined that he shall accept it there is bound to be trouble. For Mrs. Culver is the next oldest figure to the shrew-wife in comedy, she is the managing wife, whom every one loves to see on the stage but loathes in real life. She first cajoles, storms and bullies her husband into accepting the baronetcy, she then relinquishes it because Johnnie, her schoolboy son, threatens that if his father becomes a baronet he will go into the Flying Corps instead of the Siege Artillery, as life with the prospect of inheriting a baronetcy has ceased to charm him. Finally Culver is obliged to accept because the government has offered the unoccupied baronetcy to Sampson Straight, and there is in existence a real Sampson Straight (belatedly pitchedforked into the play), who is a fraudulent company promoter and a bigamist. Any government that honored bigamists would perish, and as the War Cabinet must not perish Culver hastily snatches the drifting title."

"The best lines in the play fall to Arthur Culver and are topical. They

refer to the Honors list and the conditions of government in war time. The Honors list is indeed extremely topical; probably a number of readers will be inserting names in pencil in the margins of their copy, which may or may not be the right names. The general comments on politics are fresh. 'You are so behind the times as to imagine that the first duty of modern governments is to govern.' The first duty of a government is to live. 'This isn't the government that makes inquiries. It's the government that gets things done.' And the summary of the London newspaper situation by Tranto, the jeune premier, 'I own The Echo—inherited it from my father. My uncles own all the rest of the press—with a few trifling exceptions,' is at least novel on the stage."

"Mr. Bennett is interested in Culver's conversation. He is not interested in his mental processes; indeed he does not provide him with any. He is not the least interested in Mrs. Culver; she is just a stock figure furnished up, and, like other good stock lines, perpetually serviceable. He is interested for a little, about a page each, in the brother and sister, Johnnie and Hildegard. Hildegard might be called 'Lingene malgre elle.' She quite fulfils her claim to be a modern girl. She neither fits nor faints nor is arch. She plays straight, and when she is beaten in fair fight by Johnnie she owns up and keeps her temper. One can believe she writes well. But—she is ingenuit, that is, that all she knows about love is from books. She has no experience of it and is afraid of it. Johnnie for his age is engaging and believable. But both have a serious lapse from character, Hildegard when she lets herself be maneuvered into the state volteface about lying, and Johnnie when he, audibly prefers the safer 'Siege' to the Flying Corps. It would take an experienced soldier to be bold enough to do that. As for Tranto, the newspaper proprietor, Mr. Bennett thinks so little of him and his profession that he doubles his part with that of the jeune premier and sends him walking about with a dud bomb of love-making that rumbles and splits but never explodes. Miss Starkie, the typist, and Sampson Straight are just nuts in the machinery. They hold it together, but are lifeless."

"One comes back to the first thought. This may be all the English theater deserves, but how about Mr. Bennett? Must we never hope for his high-grade work on the stage, for a Clayhanger in drama?"
Mr. W. J. Turner makes this comment on Mr. Bennett's new venture in a recent number of Land and Water:
"Mr. Bennett has thought to himself: 'The public needs to be enlightened on titles, and I am the man to do it.' The result as a pamphlet is excellent; as a play it merely serves to keep one theater in London from being occupied by something worse."

Democracy As Seen In Japan

The Yamato thinks it is absurd to say that the downfall of the Romanoffs, Hohenzollerns and Hapsburgs will mean the ultimate downfall of all empire and kingdoms. It says: The fall of the two great Imperial dynasties, the Romanoff and the Hapsburg, has inspired some Socialistic dreamers in the world, who believe that the war will eventually cause the downfall of all the empires or kingdoms in all parts of the globe. Certainly it is right to think that the democratic spirit of the Allies has won the war and that all the nations in the world will be governed by democratic politicians after the war. But it is absurd to think that the victory of democracy means at once the downfall of all the empires or kingdoms of the world.

President Wilson, in his communication to Germany, demanded that the latter should abandon the arbitrary power which had led the German people into war. Many interpreted that Mr. Wilson, by saying this, suggested the abdication of the Kaiser. But it is absurd to think that the American President is anxious to change all other empires in the world into republics. Among the Allied nations, there are only two republics, France and the United States, while all other nations are either empires or kingdoms. Who can say that Wilson, however influential he may be, is able to make Great Britain or Japan into republics?

We certainly approve the idea that the war will bring the end of militarism or imperialism. But this cannot be done simply by changing the empires into republics. Indeed, it is absurd to think that the empire or kingdom necessarily

means imperialism. On the contrary, there have been many republican states which advocated an imperialist policy in the past. For instance, the annexation of Hawaii by America, the Spanish-American war or the American diplomacy in connection with the revolution in Panama, were nothing but an expression of American imperialism.

There are many conservative politicians in Japan who oppose democratic politics simply on the ground that it is dangerous to our Imperial dynasty. Their view is absolutely mistaken, but, in order to clear out these misunderstandings, it is necessary to let the people know the real meaning of democracy, which is now advocated by all the Allied countries.

Home At Last

To an open house in the evening, Home shall men come.
To an older place than Eden,
And taller town than Rome.
To the end of the way of the wandering star,
To the things that cannot be and that are,
To the place where God was homeless
And all men are at home.
—G. K. Chesterton.

THE BUGLE CALL

Hark, 'tis the bugle pealing in the morning!
Hark, 'tis the bugle when the day is gone!
It saith to those who march, all danger scorning:
"Unto the victory God speed thee on!"
—Sennett Stephens, in Munsey's.

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Bringing Up Father

By George McManus



for years labored as a scientist, striving to penetrate the mysteries of a future life. I solemnly promise that, if I die before you and the thing is at all possible, I will give you plain evidence that the soul exists after death.

"Ward died within the next year and Dr. Bull waited expectantly for some fulfillment of the promise; but weeks passed and there was no sign or communication from his departed friend. Then came an extraordinary happening. The doctor was in the living room of his home one evening with his wife and little daughter when suddenly the child (she was eleven years old) exclaimed:

"Papa, there's a man standing in the doorway. Look! He has a horse under his arm!"

"The father and mother looked at the doorway, but they could see nothing."

"Absurd!" said the doctor. "How could a man have a horse under his arm?"

"Muriel, you'd better go to bed," chided the mother. "You must have eaten something for supper that didn't agree with you."

"But, mother, a man is there!" insisted the child. "He has on a queer little skull-cap with a tassel. Don't you see him?"

"And once more, as she was starting up-stairs, Muriel cried out: 'There he is again!'"

"Nothing more was thought of this incident until a little later, when the widow of J. Q. A. Ward sent to Dr. Bull a photograph of the sculptor that he had autographed and left for his friend some time before his death. There had, however, been several months' delay in the delivery of this picture, which was now given a place of honor in the doctor's apartment."

"I should explain here that Muriel had never seen the sculptor. It was, therefore, with profound emotion that the doctor witnessed what happened when his little girl first saw this photograph. She had just returned from school and came running in, when she stopped abruptly as she caught sight of the new picture."

"Why, papa," she exclaimed, "that was the man who was standing in the doorway!"

"A remarkable part of the story is that this photograph of Ward (I have seen it myself) shows the sculptor in his working clothes with blouse and tasseled cap, holding under his arm a diminutive model of a horse used in one of his equestrian statues."

Love, Home and Table Topics
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the
Leisure Hour

Keeping Up On The Magazines

Mr. Hoover—This Year

"Last year we asked for a great deal of substitution of one commodity for another, but this year we must have a direct decrease in the food consumed." This statement by Mr. Hoover is the basis of the food administration's new program, which in the course of an interview with William Almon Wolf, Mr. Hoover briefly outlined. That program is

presented in part in the following paragraphs, taken from Mr. Wolf's report of his interview, in Collier's Weekly. The Food Administrator is speaking:

"If we examine the cost of food-stuffs broadly in the United States, we see that there has been an increase during the last twelve months of about 3½ percent. We arrive at this by taking the total monthly consumption of foodstuffs for the nation and the average wholesale price during the month. We thus arrive at the whole national food

bill, an increase, as I say, of about 3½ percent. This increase is much less than the increase in rents and clothing and less than the increase in wages. At the same time there has been a larger increase than 3½ percent to the farmer, the difference having been squeezed out of speculation and distribution of food. In the matter of conservation of food we felt we had a difficult program last year, as we had to provide for the export of about ten million tons of foodstuffs, as against an average export prior to the war of about five million tons per annum. This was accomplished by the devotion of the American people. The coming year, however, we must export nearly fifteen million tons, and our resources are no greater than last year. That is, they are no greater if we consider all of our production on bloc. While our production of wheat is larger, we have a less production of the other cereals, and this will affect our animal production and many other issues."

"The program will be more difficult to handle next year than last, for many reasons; one of them is that we must ask the American people further to directly reduce their consumption. Last year we asked for a great deal of substitution of one commodity for another, but this year we must have a direct decrease in the food consumed. We have so great a margin in our unnecessary consumption and waste that we can accomplish the Allied food program without approaching anywhere near privation. There is what is known as the physiological requirement. We will not have to get down even to this margin. We will have what we usually refer to as the 'comfort necessity' and still be able to carry through next year. It means the greater elimination of waste; and by 'waste' we mean not only the detailed waste in public eating places and households, but that caused by eating between meals and eating the fourth meal in a day, and many other little habits of the American people, that in the long run amount to huge quantities."

"It's easy enough to take one lump of sugar when you've been used to having two. It's easy to do without steak or roast beef at certain meals and have something else instead. It's not so hard to eat victory bread. It's going to be a lot harder to make an actual reduction in the amount that's eaten. Our problem is simply to explain the need for doing it and to devise ways of making it as easy as possible to do it. The American people will do whatever they have

to do, when they know that doing it is necessary and when they know how to do it."

Away With The Table!

George Harvey writes editorially in The North American Review:

"There is no necessity for a peace conference at the end of this war, and the sooner the newspapers, public men and the public at large cease to talk about a conference and recognize the facts the better it will be in creating a healthy state of public opinion in all the Allied countries, and the sooner it will penetrate the German mind of the treatment the world intends to accord Germany after the close of the hostilities. There is no necessity for a conference because a conference implies adjustment, discussion, concession; surrender here for gain elsewhere; forgiveness for the past and friendship in the future. With Germany there is nothing to discuss, because with Germany nothing can be discussed. With Germany a treaty cannot be made because the signature of the Emperor or his ministers to a treaty is worthless. Any bond, agreement or covenant made by Germany is without validity. Germany has repudiated her treaties and publicly declared that they mean nothing to her. To go through the form of concluding a convention with Germany would be idle. Germany by her own acts, by her contempt for the opinion of mankind, by her defiance of international law, by her savagery, lust and cruelty has placed herself outside the pale. There let her remain."

"The war will end either with the defeat of Germany or the defeat of the Allies and civilization in the dust. The Allies will not be defeated and civilization will not be destroyed. The war will end when Germany, her armies annihilated or

broken her resources exhausted, the spirit of her people shattered, sues for peace. She will have to ask for peace because she cannot longer carry on the war. She will come as a suppliant because it is impossible for her longer to fight. She will fight to the very last, the Emperor and his fatuous advisers, the Junkers and the militarists, the Krupps and the other profiteers making huge fortunes in money that has no value—scraps of paper merely—will drive their wretched slaves to the slaughter, and to the last man they will be sacrificed while the Kaiser and his devil's brood keep themselves from harm. But the time will come—it is coming fast now that millions of Americans are pouring across the Atlantic, and British and French are fighting as in all history no men ever fought before—when the armies of Germany will be merely skeleton-armies, and the men and women of Germany behind the lines will be gaunt skeletons, dying of hunger and disease, incapable of resistance."

"When that time comes what have we to discuss with Germany? What decent man, Englishman or American, Frenchman or Italian, brown man from India or black man from the Congo, can so far forget his self-respect as to sit at the same table with a German, regard him as an honorable opponent and proceed to discuss with him the terms of peace? We repeat there is nothing to 'discuss,' for discussion is impossible. All that is necessary is for the Allies to say to Germany: 'Here

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LOYAL GERMAN WARSHIP TORPEDOED BY REBELS

Wiesbaden Tries To Escape To
Neutral Harbor But Is Caught
By Another Vessel

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 16.—From Bernes. The Lokal Anzeiger announces that the German battleship Wiesbaden, 12,000 tons, which did not wish to surrender to the revolutionaries, tried to escape in order to take refuge in neutral waters. It was pursued and torpedoed by another German warship which was commanded by the revolutionaries.

Armistice Terms Being Carried Out

(Continued from Page 1)

over to the Allies. Arrangements have been completed for taking over all the German ships in the Black Sea.

London, November 16.—The German cruiser Königsberg was unavailably late at the rendezvous, which was fifty miles east of May Island, off Fifehead. A British warship escorted the plenipotentiaries to Rosyth, where their credentials were examined. They then met Admiral Beatty who read the terms of surrender.

Commissioner For Alsace
Paris, November 14.—The Government has appointed High Commissioners to administer Alsace and Lorraine.

Amsterdam, November 14.—A message from Innsbruck states that the Bavarian troops have evacuated the Tyrol.

A message from Budapest states that the Hungarian Government is providing six trains daily for the transport of General Mackensen's army.

Ready To March On Rhine
Paris, November 15.—On the whole front the Allied armies are ready for the great march to the Rhine. Marshal Foch is expected soon to make his formal entry into Metz. The work of taking over the evacuated territories of Alsace-Lorraine on the heels of the retreating Germans, began on Wednesday.

Paris, November 16.—Le Petit Parisien says that French territory is now entirely free of the enemy.

Belgians Marching To Antwerp
London, November 15.—A French official wireless message states that Belgian troops are advancing today for the purpose of occupying Antwerp, in pursuance of arrangements made with the German authorities.

ENTER BELGIUM AT GIVET

(French Wireless)

Lyons, November 15.—The clauses of the armistice are being carried out without a stop and in normal conditions. The total evacuation of the French territory by the German armies may now be considered an accomplished fact.

Already the French troops have entered Belgium by the point of Givet and the Americans, who have crossed the frontier of Lorraine, have liberated a great number of villages which were included in the Department of the Moselle before 1871. Finally they have occupied the advanced forts of Metz.

Everywhere the Allies are welcomed as liberators by the inhabitants of the invaded or annexed communes. The inhabitants did not wait until the Germans had departed to decorate their houses in honor of France and the three colors, formerly proscribed, are to be seen everywhere since the day of the signature of the armistice.

In their advance the Allied soldiers are taking not only a large amount of material of all kinds but also a considerable number of German soldiers, who preferred to be taken prisoners rather than return to Germany. It is reckoned that from Sunday, November 17, the French troops will be able to advance at a rate of ten kilometers a day until the 21st and then will make marches of twenty kilometers during each of the three following days so that at the end of the week they will have advanced a distance of ninety kilometers, approximately.

Servians Soon At Lailbach

Lyons, November 17.—From Bernes

A message from Lailbach states that the Servian troops will soon arrive in that town, which is the capital of Carniola.

U-boat Crews Urged To Surrender
Koukaza, November 17.—The following from Nauen has been picked up by this station:

Berlin, November 16.—The German Armistice Commission has directed to Herr Ebert, the German Chancellor, for immediate communication to all submarine crews, a letter in which it states that the English representative, Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss, has given unreserved and absolute assurances that all the crews of the submarines to be handed over will be sent back to Germany as soon as possible after the arrival of the vessels in the harbors appointed by England. The German Armistice Commission therefore requests the crews to send over in good time the submarines.

In connection with this, the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council of Wilhelmstrasse, Berlin, states that all men of the German ships which are to be brought into a British port are insured for 10,000 marks in case of death and a corresponding special pension has been provided for accidents. In addition, the married men who are concerned in bringing over the submarines will receive a premium of 500 marks and, finally, they will receive an immediate discharge on their return to Germany.

German Commander In Africa Surrenders

Von Vorbeck's Force Capitulates In Compliance With
Terms Of Armistice

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 16.—An East African communique reports:

In compliance with the terms of the armistice the German force under General von Lettow Vorbeck surrendered on the morning of November 14 on the Zambesi river southward of Kasama.

Anti-Semitic Pogrom Is Begun In Warsaw

British Foreign Office Gives
Warning Against Violence
In Eastern Europe

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 14.—The Foreign Office, hearing that an anti-Semitic pogrom is proceeding in Warsaw, has given a warning against violence, which is threatening the peoples from the Rhine to the Volga and points out that the Allies and the United States stand ready to help to restore order but are powerless if the people embark on anarchy.

'The Little Mermaid'

Tonight

The third performance of "The Little Mermaid," the successful show written by Ruth Henry, and given for the benefit of the blind sailors' and soldiers' funds, will be given this evening at the Lyceum Theatre.

On Thursday at 5 p.m. there will be a matinee rendition of "The Little Mermaid" at the Lyceum and this will be the last performance of the production. The performance which was proposed for Saturday evening has been cancelled so as not to conflict with the victory celebration.

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Lahrie... A. Brun
Soupe... F. Roy
Le Conservateur... J. Theunard
La Houmerie... C. Buy
Van der Hogen... R. Fano
Ovide... J. de Fourcault
Sainthomme... Du Pac de Marsoulles
Boudin... C. Magy
Le Tondut... P. Le Bris
Totoche... Mmes. J. Beudin
Mme. Sainthomme... J. Lepetit
Producer: Monsieur P. Le Bris.

The Cercle Sportif Francaise opened its theatre last night and the members and friends simply poured in. Many dined at the Club and then were ready to thoroughly enjoy the delightful comedy "Mm. Les Ronds de Cuir" to their hearts' content. Let it be said at once that the production was an unqualified success and M. Le Bris, who acted as stage manager, is to be very heartily congratulated upon his work. The way in which he staged the play and the manner in which he moved his players about the stage showed that he is an experienced producer who will prove a fitting successor to Messrs. Portier and Kemlere.

The comedy deals with Bumblebum of in other words with a French magistrate's office where there was little work to be done and where the employees turned up when they liked or did not turn up at all. The Director himself seemed to be a great deal more interested with amateur theatricals than with law courts and this brought in an actress, an aspiring youth, and a subordinate who was always on the look out for an advance in his position and always doomed to disappointment. The play also gives scope to introduce a number of characters who are so delightfully lifelike that they are 'inimitable'. As a matter of fact the whole thing is a clever satire abounding in funny situations and brimful of witty dialogue. Every member of the cast did full justice to the authors' lines.

M. Predet carried the major amount of work. He is well known among the playgoers here and something good was expected of him. He more than fulfilled his part. He portrayed the Director to the life and tickled the audience with every line. M. Tisseau as the fellow always on the look out for a rise in his appearance. He was splendidly made up and kept the house rocking with laughter. His portrayal of the librarian was extremely clever. Another character part calls for the highest praise is that of M. C. Magy as Boudin. Aided by a really excellent disguise he gave a masterly interpretation of the part of the porter. The same may be said of the work of F. Roy as Soupe. M. J. de Fourcault proved to be a fine usher and got numerous laughs with his whimsical methods. M. Brun in a juvenile lead looked very nice and appealed to the audience, especially to the feminine part.

M. Le Bris simply kept everyone in a roar with his antics as a funnier. His portrayal was a remarkable fine piece of character work. Messrs. C. Buy, R. Fano and Du Pac de Marsoulles all added effective bits to a complete picture.

Both the ladies who were found in the plot are popular with Shanghai audiences. They have done plenty of fine acting before and so they were quite at home with their parts last night.

Madame J. Beudin as Totoche the actress proved extremely diverting. She entered into her part with a real sense of character and pleased everyone tremendously. Madame J. Lepetit took the part of Mme. Sainthomme. As usual she was all that the most fastidious would expect.

The production we hope is only one of a series of such successes at the Cercle Sportif charming bijou theatre.

Domino.

BRITISH AT PETROGRAD, IS REPORT FROM OMSK

Strange Rumor Of Expedition
Up The Neva Originates
In Siberia

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Vladivostok, November 17.—General Stephanik Janin has arrived from Japan, being considerably overduo owing to stress of weather. He was met ceremoniously on the landing stage by all the Allied diplomatic and military representatives. He expects to leave for the Ural front on Tuesday.

It is just reported from Omsk that a British squadron has sailed up the Neva, landed men at Descant and occupied Petrograd. The news is received joyously as presaging the speedy downfall of Bolshevism.

A message from Omsk, dated November 15, reports that M. Regnault, French High Commissioner in Siberia, receiving a deputation representing public and political

organizations, stated that the Allies would now give Russia the widest military financial and economic aid.

There was an interesting ceremony today on board the French cruiser here, when General Janin invested Commodore Payne with the Cross of the Legion of Honour in the presence of a distinguished company of Allied diplomatic representatives and military and naval officers.

Harbin, November 17.—According to the local newspaper, Vestnik Manchuria, Czech troops in South Russia hold the railway line from Odessa to Amerinka. Fighting in the outskirts of the latter place resulted in the surrender of the Ukrainian and German troops who were sent to try to check the Czech movement towards Kieff.

According to the Siberian Telegraph agency, General Alexieff died of inflammation of the lungs.

General Stephanoff, Vice-Minister of War of the Omsk Government, arrived here yesterday with the object of inspecting military organizations in the Far East.

General Taube, Chief German-Bolshevik leader who organized the Red Guard detachments in Siberia, has been arrested and despatched to Ekaterinburg by order of General Gaidar.

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Welfare Fund Entertainment

Seats are selling fast for the war film and vaudeville entertainment to be given at the Olympic Theatre tomorrow night for the benefit of the United War Welfare fund and its indications are for a packed house. The films to be shown are a selection dealing with the activities of

the Allied fighting forces. They are new and those of the American troops, issued by the United States Committee on Public Information, are the first to be seen here of the U.S. armies at the front and are said to be especially fine. They were taken by the Army Signal Corps.

The vaudeville program will include numbers by Sig. d'Alessio, pianist, and Sig. Lopa, baritone, both popular artists, and stunts by American cowboy entertainers. The booking for the performance is at Moutrie. The entire proceeds go to the fund.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 18, 1918.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate.

⑤ 5/- = Th. 4.00

⑤ exch. 72.5 = Mex. \$5.52

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate.

⑤ 119 = Th. 84.93

⑤ 72.5 = Mex. 115.90

Mex. Dollars Market Rate..... 72.2

Shanghai Gold Bars: 973 touch Th. 244

Copper Cash..... per tael 1808

Native Interest..... Th. 20

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver..... 482d.

Bank Rate of Discount..... 5%

Ex. Paris on London..... Fr. 25.98

Ex. N. Y. on London..... T.T. \$4.76 1/2

Exchange Closing Quotations

London..... T.T. 5/1

India..... Demand 5/11

Paris..... T.T. 5/3

Paris..... Demand 5/3

New York..... T.T. 1/21

New York..... Demand 1/21

Hongkong..... T.T. 66

Japan..... T.T. 44 1/2

Batavia..... T.T. 28 1/2

Singapore..... T.T. 46

Banks Buying Rates

London..... Demand 5/2

London..... 4 m/s. Ctd. 5/23

London..... 6 m/s. Decy. 5/23

London..... 6 m/s. Ctd. 5/4

Paris..... 4 m/s. Decy. 6/41

Paris..... 4 m/s. 6/91

New York..... o/d Decy. 12 1/2

New York..... 4 m/s. 12 1/2

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate

For Roubles

Roubles 1,050..... = Th. 100

Roubles 100..... = Mex. \$13.00

Customs House Exchange Rates For November

Th. 2.47, @ 5/11..... 11

1 @ 1.50..... Mex. \$1.50

1 @ 674..... France 7.51

0.73 @ 122 1/2..... Gold \$1

1 @ 44 1/2..... Yen 2.48

1 @ 15..... Rupees 4.80

1 @..... Roubles

Stock Exchange

Shanghai, November 18, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Chinese Engineering and Mining Th. 10.00

Shanghai Gas Th. 24.00

Shanghai Lands Th. 69.50

Anglo-Javas Th. 8.50

Senawang Th. 9.00

Tanah Merah Th. 0.90

Unofficial

S.M.C. 4% Debs. 1915 @ Th. 85.00

S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1912 @ Th. 82.00

Anglo-French Lands 6% Debs. 1911 @ Th. 80.00

Anglo-Javas Th. 8.50

Almas Th. 8.00

Java Consolidated Th. 15.00

Samagaga Th. 0.40

Anglo-French Lands Th. 77.00

Cally's Dairy Th. 10.00

New Engineering Th. 25.00 cash

New Engineering Th. 26.00 Dec.

Kungyik Cotton Th. 16.25

Kungyik Cotton Th. 16.50-Dec.

Telephones Th. 79.00

Yangtseapoo Cotton (Ord.) Th. 8.50 December

Ewo Cotton (Ord.) Th. 200.00 December

Shanghai Dock Th. 145.00 Dec.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at 19 Canton Road, Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S" PRIVATE HOTEL

73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by tram. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British-America Assurance Co.

Telephone No. 98. The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & CO.

Rubber Outputs

	Sept.	Oct.
Alma.....	33,000	32,000
Amherst.....	1,859	5,400
Anglo-Dutch.....	56,500	61,000
Anglo-Java.....	159,000	177,000
Ayer Tawah.....	28,003	24,000
Batu Anam.....	23,000	28,700
Bukit Toh Aliang.....	14,461	*11,244
Bute.....	13,513	14,800
Chempedak.....	8,200	8,700
Chemor.....	22,263	19,354
Cheong.....	14,150	17,438
Consolidated.....	53,712	*44,287 1/2
Domillon.....	43,463	36,326
Gula Kalumpung.....	73,000	66,000
Java Consolidated.....	54,000	59,000
Kamunting.....	21,325	20,414
Kapala.....	11,777	12,410
Kapayang.....	—	—
Karan.....	9,800	7,400
Kota Bahru.....	39,640	30,240
Kroewoeck.....	39,000	46,000
Langkat.....	79,090	71,986
Padang.....	24,000	23,800
Permatia.....	5,717	5,602
Pengkalan.....	14,502	15,647
Repah.....	18,000	16,000
Samagaga.....	16,500	15,100
Semambu.....	15,841	14,042
See Kee.....	—	—
Senawang.....	35,383	44,200
Shanghai-Malay.....	—	—
Shanghai-Kelang.....	14,789	*12,537
Shanghai-Kelantan.....	—	15,500
Shanghai-Seremban.....	7,858	11,038
Shanghai-Pahang.....	13,496	9,017
Shanghai-Sumatra.....	71,230	61,150
Sua Manggis.....	—	—
Sungala.....	10,195	8,555
Sungei.....	27,262	20,050
Taipung.....	12,311	—
Tanah Merah.....	34,000	29,900
Tebong.....	60,000	60,000
Ulobri.....	5,245	5,726
Ziangbe.....	61,000	61,000

*Decrease due to heavy rains and coolies suffering from influenza.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, November 15.—Today's Rubber prices were:

Plantation first latex crepe:

Spot: 2s. 5 1/2d. paid.

January to June: 2s. 5 1/2d. value.

Tendency of market, easier.

Previous quotations, London, November 14:

Spot: 2s. 6d. paid.

January to June: 2s. 6 1/2d. paid.

Tendency of market, quieter.

London, November 13:

Spot: 2s. 6d. buyers.

January to June: 2s. 6 1/2d. buyers.

Tendency of market, firm.

London, November 12:

Spot: 2s. 5 1/2d. buyers.

January to June: 2s. 5 1/2d. buyers.

Tendency of market, firm.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, November 14.—Today's Silver prices were:

Bar silver spot: 48 1/2d. steady.

Previous quotation, London, November 13:

Bar silver spot: 48 1/2d. steady.

Fixed maximum by Government.

London, November 12:

Bar silver spot: 48 1/2d. steady.

Lower war risk rates.

LONDON COTTON MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, November 15.—Today's Cotton prices were:

Egyptian Fully Good Fair Sakellarides..... 27.56d.

M. G. Fine Seinde and Bengal 19.15d.

Good Middling Texas 1 1/2 inch staple..... 22.13d.

Hornby's 3 1/2 lb. Shirtings, unquoted.

Calvert's 10 lb. Shirtings, unquoted.

Taylor's 40s. Yarn, unquoted.

London, November 14.—Today's Cotton prices were:

Good Middling Texas 1 1/2 inch staple spot..... 22.13d.

November..... 19.63d.

January..... 18.18d.

BANK OF ENGLAND

Reuter's Service

London, November 14.—According to latest returns the Bank of England rate of discount 5%.

Proportion of reserve to liabilities 17%.

U.K. METAL MARKET

London, November 15.—Today's Metal prices were:

Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b. Nominal..... 122 5 0

American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f.o.b. 137 0 0

Lead L. B. c.l.f. per ton..... Nominal

Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b. 29 0 0

Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (4s. extra in flask)..... Nominal

Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less 1%)..... Nominal

Standard Tin (cash)..... 325 0 0

Spelter (ordy. soft) f.o.b. 52 0 0

Galvanised Sheets 24 gauge f.o.b. Nominal..... 28 5 0

Standard Tin (3 months)..... 310 0 0

Sharebrokers' Association

Shanghai, November 18, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Unofficial

Ayer Tawahs Th. 18.25 cash

Langkats Th. 21.00 December

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1918

Date and Destination	Far	Chl.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Ros.
Today							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Siberia marn	14.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Siberia marn	14.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Shanghai	14.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
via S. U. A.	Train & Str.	31.00	..	..	..	..	31.00
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	Siberia marn	14.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shanghai	14.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
River Ports	Shanghai	14.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan Ports	Sakaki marn	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Wenchow	Takghimam.	18.00	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Dalry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wenchow	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Swatow	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Japan ports	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dalry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
China and Tientsin	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Train (Daily except Sunday)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sankow	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wingpo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow							
Amoy and Hongkong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amoy, Hongkong and Canton	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amoy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Swatow	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Swatow	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thursday, Nov. 21.							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Train & Str.	..	..	..	..	..	..
Swatow	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sunday, November 24.							
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
U.S.A. & Europe via U.S.A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST Yesterday's Prices

**Nederlandsche Handel
Maatschappij**

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,533,333)

Reserve Fund—
Gulders 12,760,236 (about £1,063,357)
Head Office: **AMSTERDAM.**
Head Agency: **BATAVIA**
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
Branches:
Bandjermasin Padang Soerakarta

Canton	Pekalongan	Teung-tsing
Cheribon	Penang	Tegal
Djember	Pondianak	Telok-Betong
Djakarta	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Samarang	Weltevreden
Kota-Radja	Singapore	
Langsa	Soerabaya	
Makassar		
Medan		

London Bankers:

National Provincial and Union Bank
of England Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal
places in Europe, Asia, Australia
and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives
or collection bills of exchange.
Issues letters of credit on Hong
Kong branches and correspondents and
transacts banking business of every
description.

Current accounts kept in talen
and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED ON
current talen accounts and fixed de-
posits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNEBERG,
Manager.

**THE EXCHANGE BANK
OF CHINA**

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
41 Kiandoo Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."
CapitalYen 10,000,000
Head Office Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of
Finance.
General Banking Business of
Every Description Transacted.
Foreign and Domestic Exchange
Business a Specialty. We issue
Demand Draft, T/T, Letters of
Credit, etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills Discounted.

approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Ningbo, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager

中 華 銀 行
CHUNG FOO UNION BANK

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.

Head office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	\$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	\$1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO S'AN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusueh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shachang
Hankow	Shantung

Pengpu Hongkong
Tsingkingpu
Agencies and Correspondents
foreign countries:
London, International Banking Cor-
poration.
New York, International Bank-
ing Corporation.
San Francisco, International Bank-
ing Corporation.
Tokio, Bank of Chosen.
Kobe, Bank of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities
foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
8441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking &
Exchange business transacted. In-
terest allowed on Current Accounts
and Fixed Deposits both in Tai-
wan and Dollars according to arrange-
ment.

Credits granted on approved
securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.

Tel. Central 2518 General Office.
Tel. Central 1929 Manager's Office.

From U.S. and Canada:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Fushimi M. Nov

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 19	—	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	Am. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 20	—	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov. 20	—	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec. 7	—	San Francisco	Basile Doller	Br. R. D. & Co.	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 1	—	Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 17	—	Seattle, etc.	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T. K. K.	Am. C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 12	—	San Francisco	Nanking	Jap. T. K. K.	Br. R. D. & Co.
Jan. —	—	Vancouver	Melville Doller	Br. R. D. & Co.	

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov. 19	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Tanashiro Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 20	—	Kobe	Takeshima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 21	—	Kobe	Yokohama Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 22	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Chikugo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 23	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 27	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Oni Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 29	—	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Kokura Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 29	—	Nagasaki	Simbiki	Rus. R.V.F.	
Nov. 30	—	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.	

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

—	—	London, etc.	Aki Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
—	—	London, etc.	Kaga Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov. 19	4.30	Ningpo	Kiangtse	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Nov. 19	—	Foochow	Hsiao	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Nov. 19	M.N.	Wenchow	Kwangchi	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 20	noon	Swatow	Paoting	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 19/20	—	Hongkong & Canton	Singao	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 20	4.00	Ningpo	Yin Peking	Chi. N.S.S. Co.	
Nov. 20	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 21	D.L.	Swatow	Tamsui	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 21	D.L.	Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 22	—	Hongkong & Manila	Fushimi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.	
Nov. 24	—	F'chow, K'lung & Takao	Kohoku Maru	Jap. O. S. K.	

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov. 19	—	Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap. S. M. R.	
Nov. 19	noon	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S.M.R.	
Nov. 19	3.00	W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Shengking	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 20	—	Newchwang	Feiching	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Nov. 21/20	—	W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Shuntien	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 22	1.00	Tsingtao & Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap. S.M.R.	
Nov. 23/20	—	W'wei, Chefoo & T'sin	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 24	—	T'sin, Dairen & Tiao	Keelung Maru	Jap. O. S. K.	
Nov. 29	4.00	Vladivostok	Simbiki	Rus. R.V.F.	

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov. 19	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.	
Nov. 19	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Nov. 19	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 19	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Changon	Br. H.O. S.S. Co.	
Nov. 20	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.	
Nov. 20	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 20	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kweilee	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.	
Nov. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwashee	Br. J.M. & Co.	
Nov. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 22	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Lienshi	Br. B. & S.	
Nov. 22	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.	
Nov. 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woocong	Br. B. & S.	

*A.M. — MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 18	—	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Chi. B. & S.
Nov. 18	—	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi. N.S.S. Co.
Nov. 18	—	Hankow	Kweilee	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 18	—	Hankow	Fengyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
Nov. 18	—	Hankow	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 18	—	Hankow	Changwo	Br. H.O. S.S. Co.
Nov. 18	—	Newchwang	Feiching	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 18	—	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap. S. M. R.
Nov. 18	—	Shanghai	Sunning	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 18	—	Chinwangtao	Hero Maru	Jap. S.M.R.
Nov. 18	—	Cruise	Uji Maru	Jap.
Nov. 18	—	Japan	Takeshima Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov. 18	—	Japan	Chiyoda Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov. 18	—	Japan	Chiyoda Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.

Men-of-War in Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag	Rating	Tons	Gun	Max	Commander
WTW	—	—	Snipe	Br. g-b.					
Nov. 19	—	—	Villalobos	Am. g-b.					
M.M.B.	Oct. 10	—	Nightingale	Br. g-b.					
W.T.W.	—	—	Sel Caboto	It. g-b.					
PAOBI	Oct. 18	—	Kiang	Chi. g-b.					
—	—	—	Litchan	Chi. g-b.					
—	—	—	Toutai	Chi. cr.					
—	—	—	Kansien	Chi. g-b.					
—	—	—	Lienkien	Chi. g-b.					
—	—	—	Houping	Chi. g-b.					
2C	Nov. 6	—	Gnat	Br. g-b.					
1C	Nov. 8	—	Kinsla	Br. g-b.					
—	Nov. 15	—	Sorab	Br. g-b.					
—	Nov. 15	—	Chienan	Chi. g-b.					
—	Nov. 11	—	Fukong	Chi. g-b.					

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Tuckwo, tons 3,770, Capt. Campbell, will leave on Tuesday, November 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. (Passengers Telephone No. 240.) (Freight Telephone No. 250.)

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co. S. Steamer Suiyang Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched from the C. M. Central Wharf on Tuesday, November 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngankin, Captain Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, November 19, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co. S. Str. Fengyang Maru, Captain S. Takanaka, will be despatched from the N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on Wednesday, November 20, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kweilee, Captain J. Smith, will leave on Wednesday night. For

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Woomung, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, November 23, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

For Southern Ports

WENCHOW.—The Str. Kwangchi, Captain J. H. Davis, will leave on Tuesday night. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsiao, Captain F. H. Wallace, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang Maru, Captain W. L. Scott, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, November 20, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Paoting, Captain P. H. Purdow, will leave on Wednesday, November 20, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tamsui, Captain J. E. DeWolf, will leave on Thursday, Nov. 21, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

AMOI, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang Maru, Captain W. L. Scott, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, November 21, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA).—The Str. Kohoku Maru, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtze-wharf on Sunday, November 24. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 4, at the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone Central No. 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Mexico Maru, Captain K. Konaka, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtze-wharf on Thursday, Dec. 5, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Central Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

NEWCHWANG.—The Str. Feiching, Capt. A. B. Baines, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shengking, Captain Watt, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, November 19, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, November 21, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIEN-TSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, November 23, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

TIEN-TSIN and DAIREN via TSINGTAO.—The Steamer Keelung Maru, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtze-wharf on Sunday, November 24. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 4, at the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone Central No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA, KOBÉ, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The S.S. Siberia Maru, 20,000 tons, Captain Y. Maki, will be despatched on Tuesday, November 19. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 4 p.m. For passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha, T. N. Alexander, Manager.

TACOMA and SEATTLE, VANCOUVER, CALLING at VICTORIA, B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBÉ, YOKOHAMA, SHIMIZU and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Africa Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on Sunday, December 1. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs' Jetty on the same day. For freight or passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. (Telephone Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.)

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Regular sailing every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate, Thursday.

FOR AMOI, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sun-ning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaitong. Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

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For Ningpo.—S.S. Hsin Peking. Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

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For further particulars regarding Ballings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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MEXICO MARU. (12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiyama, Dec. 4 Dec. 5

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS. (Tientsin, Tientsin and Dairen).
KEELUNG MARU. (3,000 tons) Capt. Y. Fukami, Nov. 22 Nov. 24

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA. (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).
KOHOKU MARU. (5,200 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, Nov. 22 Nov. 24

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L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 151.

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SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

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SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

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SIBERIA MARU For San Francisco	November 19
TENYO MARU For San Francisco	November 29
SHINYO MARU For San Francisco	December 11

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